DALY CITY RECORD

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BY J. L. BROWN | DALY CITY, SAN MATEO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1913 | VOL. 5. NO, 37

$500,000 BONDS OF SAN MATEO CO.

$3,000 PREMIUM

PACIFIC COAST SIDE

What Our Neighbors Along the Pacific's Shore Have Been Doing, Are Doing and Will Do

Mrs. Williams, with her family, has gone to Ukiah.

J. Biggio of Daly City, with a party of friends, visited Moss Beach last week.

Miss Daisy McCormick of Pescadero is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Joseph Azevedo.

George S. McDowell has leased the Dennison property at Salada Beach for the winter.

Mrs. E. Sutherland, who has been residing in Los Angeles, has returned to Moss Beach to remain.

G. W. Baker has been plowing the Jakobs ranch at Farallone preparatory to planting it to potatoes.

Miss Josie Mowry visited her cousin, Mrs. Bloom, at the St. Rafael Hotel in San Francisco last week.

Miss Marianna Gay and sister, Mrs. Hattie S. Bigelow of Moss Beach, are spending several days in Berkeley.

H. Hillard and family of Cincinnati, Ohio, have leased the Mrs. L. V. Banning property at Brighton Beach for the winter.

C. A. Gustafson of Salada Beach, who recently was laid up with broken ribs, is again a commuter on the Ocean Shore.

Mr. and Mrs. Brandies of Oakland visited Moss Beach last week. Mrs. Brandies is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Smith.

Miss Gladys Smith of Los Angeles, niece of Miss Annie G. Smith of Moss Beach, left here Wednesday to visit friends in Oakland.

Mr. and Mrs.T. B. Hart, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. H. C. Wagner, at Salada Beach, have returned to their home at Chico.

Montara is becoming the Gretna Green of California. A couple came all the way from Sacramento to be married by Rev. Dr. Hoskinson on Saturday, November 28.

M. B. Johnsos, who has spent three months in Mexico on the Vera Cruz Cattle Company's plantation, has returned. It is understood that he will devote most of his time from now on to "Good Roads."

D. E. Sizer of Omaha, Neb., is building a cottage to the north of the Steele property, Moss Beach. Mr. Sizer and family will make their home there just as soon as the residence is completed.

Mrs. James Moran, once a resident of Half Moon Bay, died in San Francisco Friday, November 28. The Morans were among the first settlers. Deceased was the mother of Gussie and Victor Guerero.

On account of the steady increase in the number of school children during the past few months, the trustees of the Triangle district will have to secure another teacher for next year. There are 60 children in the Montara district.

C. M. L. Nelson, a recent arrival in Montara, is instructing boys and girls in physical culture, conducting charmed with the Coast Side and expresses a determination to remain here permanently if his business interests justify it.

Miss Rose Cardoza was married in San Francisco last Wednesday to Joseph Berglund. Mrs. Berglund is one of Half Moon Bay's most popular and highest esteemed young ladies and has the best wishes of a large number of friends.

A party of four oil experts was at Purissima last Wednesday and the members were in one accord in boosting that district and say they would not be surprised to hear of the discovery of a big producing well there in the near future.

At this time, when the automobile boulevard is uppermost in our minds, we are again reminded by M. B. Johnson's return from Mexico City that it was he, more than anyone else, who pushed to success the boulevard bond proposition.—Coast Side Comet.

Dr. J. S. Thomas, pastor evangelist of the Presbyterian Church for Northern California, has accepted the pastorate of the Montara church. Dr. W. S. Hoskinson will preach each Sunday morning until Dr. Thomas completes his present work, which will be in about 90 days.

Farallone City boosters are planning on a big tent city proposition for the coming summer. A location very popular with summer visitors has been selected and many dozen tents—hundreds if necessary—will be placed and comfortably furnished for summer campers.

Plans are almost completed for the organization of a street-lighting district in the San Pedro school district, which comprises the townsites of Edgemar, Salada Beach and Brighton Beach. The people of that section are very progressive and are letting no grass grow under their feet.

Good example and a cheerful and hopeful disposition have done far more to reform the world than all the discipline of law courts and penitentiaries.

MASSACHUSETTS AND CHILD LABOR

Provisions of the Law Which Went Into Effect Labor Day

As a result of the child-labor laws which went into effect in Massachusetts on Labor Day, that State has taken a definitely progressive and far-reaching step to end one of the most iniquitous industrial evils of the day.

The most important provisions of the Massachusetts statute are as follows:

No child between 14 and 16 to be employed without the issuance by the school superintendent of an employment certificate.

Powers of truant officers over children increased. May go through factories and workshops to look for violations of law. Heavy penalties for violation.

No child under 14 can be employed in a workshop.

No child under 16 can be employed where there is dangerous machinery.

No child under 18 can be employed in disease-breeding trades.

No child under 21 can be employed in the sale of liquor.

No boy under 12 and no girl under 18 may sell papers or black boots in Boston or other cities having a population of 50,000.

No boy under 16 may sell papers after 9 o'clock at night.

If one permits a child to work in violation of the act he may be fined $50 and sent to jail for 30 days for the first offense, and fined $200 and sent to jail for 60 days for the second ocense.

Any person who should sell papers or boot blacking to a child knowing that the child intended to work in violation of law may be fined $200 and sent to jail for 60 days.

Few realized the comprehensive character of the Massachusetts laws until the recently appointed State Board of Labor and Industries started to make a study of the statute in response to appeals for information from manufacturers and others whom it affected. Much confusion resulted at first from ignorance of the scope of the measure, but this has now been dispelled as the State Board has issued a schedule of the laws and has answered hundreds of questions regarding them.

In addition to these laws there are new hours for women and minors which went into effect October 1. This extends the operation of the 54-hour law to telephone exchanges and to other lines of work besides factories. The time schedule, showing the hours of labor of women and minors, must be mailed to about fifty thousand employers.

The Massachusetts State Board of Labor and Industries was appointed only a short time ago though it should have been appointed to take office last spring. James A. Lowell, who was chairman of the Workingmen's Compensation Commission, is chairman of it.

Monday the Board of Supervisors met in adjourned session for the special business of awarding the grading contract on the San Pedro Mountain between Edgemar and Marine View and such other business as might come up, with all members present.

District Attorney Swart suggested the appointment of an agency in New York City to accept payments of interest on the road bonds, the provisions being that the interest might be paid in either Redwood City of New York City. By motion County Treasurer P. P. Chamberlain was authorized to make the necessary arrangements, at no expe se except exchange.

The report of the viewers on the San Pedro Mountain road between Colma and Edgemar, Messrs. Henry Geilfuss, Nathan Fuchs and J. V. Neuman, reported the following estimates of damage:

Palmiro Rossia	$1,000.00
M. M. Zanone	700.00
J. A. Hooper	1,200.00
A. Rosey	2,000.00
R. S. Thornton	1,500.00
J. J. Carroll	500.00
George D. Wise	Donated
Doan Realty Co.	889.50
C. A. Hooper	Donated
Burke Estate	300.00
Edgemar Realty Co.	Donated

M. M. Zanone, J. A. Hooper, A. Rosey and the Doan Realty Co. consented to accept the above amounts, while Palmiro Rossi, R. S. Thornton, J. J. Carroll and the Burke Estate were non-consenting.

Considerable discussion was had regarding the J. J. Carroll right-of-way, the viewers stating that he first asked $10,000, but came down to $2000. The viewers' explanation was that they took two and one-half acres of land which is assessed at $37.50 an acre and gave in return two and one-half acres on the change of road.

Finally it was decided to advertise for date of consideration of non-consenting owners.

Plans and specifications for grading the San Pedro Mountain road between Edgemar and Marine View were presented by Surveyor Neuman, and the same were ordered advertised, bids to be received December 29, with 120 working days allowed for completion of the work. It was ordered that the advertisements call for bids for either bitumen iron, stone pipe or reinforced concrete pipe for culverts.

By recommendation of the advisory commission a motion prevailed to withdraw the previous advertisement specifications of the same road between Colma and Edgemar and re-advertise.

After lunch the Supervisors accepted a bid from Wm. R. Staats Co., San Francisco, for $500,000 of the County Highway bonds, with a premium of $3000 and accrued interest, $250,000 to be taken February 1, 1914, and $250,000 on May 1, 1914. A certified check for $10,000 accompanied the bid.

PROBATE MATTERS

Estate of Effie M. Dickerman, deceased—Will Admitted to probate and Frank Steele granted letters testamentary with bond fixed in the sum of $21,000.

Estate of A. M. Gardner, deceased—Will admitted to probate and Mrs. Gardner appointed executrirx. Bond waived.

Estate of Bernard F. Burke, deceased—Mrs. Catherine Burke granted letters of administration with bond fixed at $5600.

Estate of Hans Rasmussen, deceased—Partial distribution granted.

Estate and guardianship of Kate Motz, an incompetent person—Order to show cause continued to December 11.

Estate of Marry Callan, deceased—Petition to set aside homestead continued to December 11.

Estate of Sarah A. Thornton, deceased—R. S. Thornton appointed administrator with bond fixed at $2500.

Estate of Amanda Robenson, deceased—Final account allowed and settled and petition for distribution granted.

Estate and guardianship of Willian Cluff Downey et al, minors—Third annual account continued to December 11.

Joseph H. Nash has applied for letters of administration upon the estate of Mary Woods, who died at Half Moon Bay Decemper 21, 1913. The estate consists of a parcel of land with improvements near Half Moon Bay and money loaned on a mortgage. The value of the entire estate does not exceed $10,000. The heirs at law are James Woods, aged 80 years, husband of the deceased, living at Half Moon Bay, Mrs. P. J. Maloney, a sister, residing at Menlo Park, another sister residing in Ireland, and Mrs. Annie McMahon and Julia Woodward, daughters of Johanna Kelly, deceased, sister of Mary Woods. Both nieces reside in San Francisco. James Woods, the husband, waives his right to administer upon the estate and in writing asks that the petitioner be appointed in his stead and place.

George W. Sneider has applied for letters of administration upon the estate of Peter Kehoe, who died in this county January 4, 1913. The estate consists of money due from the Kansome-Crummey Co., contractors, as wages, amounting to $85. Mr. Sneider has also applied ofr letters of administration upon the estate of Adolph Garsia, who died in the county January 13, 1913. The estate consists of money due as wages from the same contractors amounting to $85.

Rudolph Reh has applied for letters of administration upon the estate of Amelia Reh, who died at Belmont November 8, 1913. The estate consists of a lot at Burlingame and some personal property and does not exceed $2000. The heirs at law are the petitioner, a brother, and Robert Reh, another brother, both residing in San Francisco, and a sister, Marie Reh, living in Germany.

APPRAISERS' REPORTS

R. F. Chilcott, A. F. Joseph and Charles A. Mosconi, appraisers of the estate Antoinette Francis, deceased, have filed their inventory and appraisement. The total value of the estate is placed at $5500. It consists of cash in the hands of the executor, Joseph M. Francis, amounting to $4500, and a parcel of land at Half Moon Bay appraised at $1000.

R. F. Chilcott, appraiser of the estate of Joseph Kennel, deceased has lled his inventory and appraisement. The total value of the estate is placed at $7275. It consists of personal property appraised at $4725, a parcel of land on San Bruno avenue near South San Francisco, together with improvements, appraised at 1050, and an undividede one-half interest in a certain piece of property in San Francisco, with improvements, appraised at 1500.

H. W. Schaberg, inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of Louis Freggiori, deceased, has lled his inventory and appraisement. The total value of the estate is placed at $2089.85. It ocnsists of cash in the hands of the administrator amounting to $589.81, lot 3, block 2, East San Mateo, appraised at $800, lot 7, block 1, East San Mateo, appraised at $700.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TO EXHIBIT

To Be Represented at Panama Pacific International Exposition

Members of the American Federation of Labor and its affiliated unions, of whom there are more than two million in the United States and Canada, will be represented in San Francisco in 1915 at the Panama Pacific International Exposition with a building in which thousands of labor exhibits will be shown.

President Gompers of the Federation has accepted the offer of a building on the exposition grounds which was made by the directors of the exposition.

Aside from special exhibits to be displayed by the American Federation of Labor, 120 international unions affiliated with that body are to be shown in an endeavor to better the conditions of the working class on the North American continent generally, by arousing sentiment in favor of more safeguards for machinery, better sanitary conditions in factories and laws that will protectc of workers dying from industrial accidents and diseases.

REDWOOD CITY RUMBLINGS

Miss Catherine Murphy left last Monday for Portland, Oregon, to stay during the winter with her sister, who has been a resident of the northern city for several years.

Mrs. Alice S. Gartley of Philadelphia who is making an extended tour of this state, is at present stopping with friends in Redwood City.

A. R. Kirkpatrick, who has been in the employ of John W. Poole, has moved with his wife to Beresford and there he will have charge of the well-known McLellan dairy.

The appointment of J. W. Herd as postmaster of Oil Center was not confirmed by the U. S. Senate at Washington last Saturday for some unknown cause. It is just possible that Senator Works had some one else in mind for the place. Mrs. Hurd was formerly Miss Emma Clark of Redwood City.

Miss Mina Finger a former resident of Redwood City, and a pioneer of the county, passed away at the home of her son, Henry Finger, at Santa Barbara on Thursday of last week, aged 87 years. Deceased was a resident of Redwood City over fifty years.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Robert M. Crow, age 50, and Blanch A. Perkins, age 47, both of Heckman, Stanislaus county.

Charles E. Orr, age 25, and Amelia Rommell, age 31, both of San Francisco.

Walter O'Malley, age 49, and Wilhemina Scheper, age 43, both of San Francisco.

J. A. Sherwood, age 29, South San Francisco, and Ella Amaya, age 18, San Jose.

Louis R. Eaton, age 27, San Francisco, and Ella M. Clancy, age 28, Piedmont.

George M. Sporer, age 38, and Annie O. Larsan, age 29, both of San Francisco.

John W. Sshmitz, age 27, and Ethel G. Brown, age 23, both of San Francisco.

Joseph Judge, age 38, Santa Rosa, and Emma Milles, age 37, Fairfield, Neb.

By a vote of 7 to 1 the United Mine Workers have voted by a referendum to continue the payment of a 50 cents per month assessment to support the strikes now on in Colorado and British Columbia.

SUPERIOR COURT

Cases Pending, in Progress, Settled, With Interesting Details to San Mateo County Folks

People vs. Chas. C. Pilling—Defendant pleaded guilty and sentenced to serve two years in San Quentin.

People vs. Harry Day—Defendant pleaded guilty and sentenced to serve one year in San Quentin.

People vs. Otto Zoellnar—Admitted to probation for period of one year.

Mary Tobin et al vs. Henry W. Brown et al—Order to show cause dropped from calendar.

Kopp & Schick vs. Mary Farrell et al—Partial trial had and further hearing continued to December 11.

People vs. Martin Galfan—Defendant pleaded guilty to charge of burglary and admitted to probation for one year.

People vs. D. Sullivan—Defendant pleaded not guilty. Case continued to December 10 to set trial.

Andrew F. Burke vs. East San Mateo Land Co.—Demurrer submitted on briefs.

Mary Tobin vs. H. W. Brown et al—Notice of motion to set demurrer continued to January 1.

Christie Machine Works vs. City of Palo Alto—Demurrer sustained and plaintiff given 10 days to amend complaint.

Carrie E. Gillespie vs. W. W. Gillespie—Order to show cause continued to December 10.

H. C. Barker vs. City of Daly City—Motion for an injunction continued to December 10.

John Meiler has brought foreclosure proceedings against Herman Partmai and his wife, Mary Partman, to recover the sum of $874.73. The property on which the mortgage is to be foreclosed consists of lots 14 and 15, block 26, Easton Addition to Burlingame. Plaintiff also asks for interest, costs of suit and attorney fees, provided for in the mortgage.

Joseph Bourcq has commenced an action against R. R. Manley to recover damages in the sum of $10,000 for injuries received by plaintiff when run into by an automobile driven by Manley. The complaint recites that in last April he was seated in a buggy and riding to the City of San Mateo when defendant came in the opposite direction, riding at a high rate of speed without having lamps on the machine and ran into him, throwing him to the street. He suffered severe injury, having to remain in the hospital for some time. The complaint alleges that the injuries were received by him through the careless and negligent driving of defendant. He also asks for the loss of his salary during the time he was laid up, doctor fees, medicine, nurse hire, etc., amounting to $2800, making a total of $12,800.

The papers on appeal from the justice court of the Second Township in the citil case of Charlotte Witts vs. A. C. Jones have been filed in the County Clerk's office. The case was brought to recover the sum of $60 for rent of a house owned by her in Burlingame. Defendant proved that the landlord had violated the contract in not making certain repairs on the premises. Judge Lamb- of Burlingame, before whom the case was tried, decided in favor of defendant and against plaintiff. The case will be retried in the Superior Court.

The estate of Agnes Howard Hayne, who died in Italy July 12, 1912, was distributed Monday. The value of the estate is $285,383.51, and the husband, Stephen Duncan Hayne, is the sole heir. Mrs. Hayne did not make any provision for her daughter, Agnes Margaretta Hayne, and she said in her will that her husband would properly provide for the child. Mrs. Hayne's estate consists of 31 parcels of land which are part of the vast Howard-Bowie holdings in San Mateo and Hillsborough. El Cerrito, Mrs. Hayne's magnificent Hillsborough estate, is now occupied by Mrs. William S. Tevis.

Loren Coburn, the "poor old rich man of San Mateo county," received another setback in his fight for restoration to competency Monday when Judge George H. Buck ordered the case transferred to another county. Judge George H. Cabaniss of San Francisco, who sat for Judge Buck in the last trial, was on the bench, but the court orders were made by Judge Buck.

A SINGULAR MARRIAGE

It Was to Serve a Legal Purpose

By EDNA C. TRASK

My father died when I was nineteen, leaving me a fortune. He had made it by building up a business in which he was much interested and always regretted that I had not been born a boy that I might succeed him in its management. Since that could not be he made arrangements before his death for the succession, but left the greater part of the stock of the company to me. At the time of his death his lawyer, Mr. Crocker, who was also his most intimate friend, was abroad, but was expected home within a few weeks. Nevertheless my father had named Mr. Crocker to be my guardian.

Mr. Crocker was taken ill abroad and was a long while regaining his health. Not considering himself fitted for business, he remained away nearly a year longer than had been expected. One morning immediately after his

"ONE IS A CLERGYMAN," MR. CROCKER EXPLAINED.

arrival I received a telephone message from him to come to his office at once. It was then 11 o'clock, and I promised him that I would be there within a quarter of an hour.

The moment I arrived he took me into his private office and shut the door.

"Are you engaged to be married?" he asked quickly.

"No."

"Is there any young man whom you would like to marry?"

"No. Why do you ask these questions?"

"The extension of my trip abroad has turned awry your father's intentions for you. He had no faith in a woman's ability to manage property and appointed me your guardian till you reach the age of twenty-one years, or the 21st day of November, which is today. He also willed that if you married with my approval of your husband your fortune was to be turned over to you. If you were not so married by noon today the estate was to be kept in the business, you to receive $100 a month from it, the principal to be ultimately used to found an institution to bear the testator's name."

Great heavens—a hundred dollars a month! I had been used to spending more than that for pin money.

"What shall I do?" I cried. "I know no one I wish to marry or who wishes to marry me."

"I think I can save your property to you by formally complying with the provisions laid down. You can marry, but need not live with your husband and in time get a divorce. These persons who try to tie up property after their death usually make a mess of it. I have had only an hour in which to act, for I did not read the will till I came to the office an hour ago, but I have already made an arrangement by which you may be married at once. There is now waiting in another room a man who will marry you, with the understanding that the marriage is merely to conform to the law. If you don't care to live with him"—

"Care to live with him! Of course I won't care to live with him!" I exclaimed.

"In that case, in due time I will see that you secure a divorce."

"Why does the man consent to marry me?"

"I will see that he doesn't suffer by the transaction—that is," he added, "in case he does not fall in love with his wife."

"Let me see him," I moaned. "No. I don't wish to see him. I am to marry him to evade the law. I don't care who or what he is."

"Your decision?" queried Mr. Crocker.

"On the terms," was my reply. "I'll marry Old Nick."

A tap on a bell brought an attendant, and Mr. Crocker directed him to summon the two gentlemen in the outer room.

"Oh, heavens!" I exclaimed. "Are there two of them?"

"One is a clergyman," Mr. Crocker explained, with a faint smile.

The moment they entered I stared at the groom to be. I gave a sigh of relief, for in case anything should go wrong I felt that I might have every confidence in him. He did not show the same eager curiosity in me that I had for him, looking at me with a reassuring smile. Mr. Crocker introduced him, but I did not hear his name or the complimentary things that were said about him. All the young man said was that he would be happy to help me out of a difficulty and that I need not fear for a moment that he would take advantage of the legal knot that was to be tied between us. As for me, I didn't open my mouth, but submitted to be led like a lamb to the slaughter.

In order to keep up appearances—that is, to avoid a swoon or a breakdown of some kind during the ceremoney—I exercised my will power to fancy that I was a happy bride, marrying the man of my choice. I got on tolerably well till I heard the words "man and wife;" then things began to grow confused about me, and I knew nothing more till I found myself lying on an office lounge, looking up into the most sympathetic, kindly, loving—yes, it was loving—face I ever saw.

Then I heard persons leaving the room, and presently all was still. I judged that I was alone with my—legal—husband.

"Poor child!"

"I hope," I said, "that you don't consider my breaking down in this way any want of compliment to you. It was the suddenness of it, the—the"—I was stalled.

"It would be very foolish in me," he said, "to consider my individuality of any importance whatever in the matter. I am simply that legal party, Mr. John Doe, who is constantly disputing with Richard Roe. You, being a woman, can't be Richard Roe. I suppose, however, you might be Richarda Roe. But we need never have any of the legal squabbles of these two ancient and honorable parties, for we are not to be together, and you can rely on Mr. Crocker to get you out of it without any trouble whatever. I see no necessity of your giving up your maiden name except in signing documents. This legal condition need not last a year, I am sure, and will be scarcely a ripple on the surface of your life."

"You are very nice about it, and I have every confidence in you. How did Mr. Crocker come to select you for the purpose?"

"I am under great obligations to your late father."

"You! Under obligations to papa!"

"Yes. Fifteen years ago, when I was a boy, he took me into his business and advanced me till at the time of his death I was his principal manager."

"You are not Edward Keane?"

"I am."

How singular! I was married to Edward Keane. Ten years before a young man of twenty had come one day to the house from my father's office with a message for him. I was then a girl of ten and saw him but a few moments. Since then I had heard of Edward Keane, whom my father was intending to place at the head of his business when he should leave it. The young man had been to the house a number of times since, but I had always been away, either at school or visiting, at the time of his coming. I was lost in wonder at this happening and was tongue tied. Presently I asked him if the marriage was the carrying out of a plan laid by my father before his death.

"I only know," he replied, "that not two hours ago Mr. Crocker summoned me here in great haste and told me that my benefactor's daughter must be married before noon or lose her inheritance. He asked me if I would consent to be a legal husband till the property could be turned over to you and would pledge myself to leave you free and consent to a divorce at any time you desired. I told him that I would do anything in my power for your father's daughter. Besides, I have seen you once or twice when you have not seen, or perhaps have not noticed, me."

"And you did not marry me for a—for a consideration?"

"Yes; the consideration of being of service to you."

We chatted some time longer, when my husband prepared to call in Mr. Crocker and ask him for a full statement of the case. He came and told us that it was my father's wish that I should marry Edward Keane. My father had stipulated that I was to do so or the provision already stated was to be enforced. Mr. Crocker was relied on to make this match, if possible. His failure to return as soon as expected came very near costing me a fortune. When he found that he must act at once he did so with his accustomed rapidity and talent for management. He had married me as my father desired, and it remained with me and my husband whether we should make the marriage real as well as legal. After giving us this explanation he retired, leaving us again alone together.

"What shall we do?" I remarked, as much to myself as to him.

"You can do nothing unless I ask you to be my wife till death do us part, as your father desired. Will you?"

We remained together where we were for an hour longer. At first I was disposed to put off a decision, but before we left I had consented. There was nothing more to do but make an announcement of our marriage and go on our wedding journey.

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VICTORY FOR LABOR.

Trade Unions Officially Recognized by British Government.

A very important concession has been made by the British admiralty by officially recognizing trade unions. In reply to the demands of the dockyard men the admiralty agreed hereafter in the event of disputes to meet deputations of the workmen either in London or at the dockyards. It also not only accorded permission to the men in government employ to select their own representatives from the dockyards, but will allow them to be accompanied by trade union leaders not employed in the yards.

The favoring policy which the British government has long pursued toward labor organizations reaches in its latest development a quite unprecedented stage. In the Taff Vale and Osborne cases it had to do with the relations between labor and private employers, and in them it strongly favored the former. Now it extends the same principle to relations between labor and the government itself as an employer. Hereafter the admiralty in the national dockyards will recognize the unions and will treat with them through their representatives—who may be outsiders, not in government employ—instead of directly with the men in case of any dispute over wages or conditions of employment.

The supreme importance of this is obvious. Hereafter if the employees at Portsmouth or in London go on strike or make demands, instead of dealing directly with them, the government may have to negotiate with a board of walking delegates from the Yorkshire woolen mills or from the mines of Wales. It will also be confronted with the question of the "closed shop" and may be required to establish the rule that none but union members will be admitted to government employ, so that the public service will be substantially "unionized."

Whether it is judicious or not, this course is certainly consistent. The government is simply adopting for itself the policy which it has practically prescribed or at least has strongly favored for all other employers of labor. The effects of it will be watched for with intense interest, particularly its effects upon the present working agreement between the Laborites and the Liberals in parliament.

REST FOR WORKERS.

International Congress Adopts Drastic Resolutions.

The closing day of the international conference for the protection of workers at Berne, Switzerland, was marked by the adoption of a resolution declaring that workers must be allowed a nightly repose of eleven consecutive hours, which in all cases must include the hours from 10 p. m. to 5 a. m. Exception, however, is made in regard to coal miners, whose hours of repose may be changed, but must be longer. Boys under fourteen years of age were absolutely forbidden to work at night by another resolution.

The convention was signed by the delegates from Great Britain, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Spain, France, Italy, Norway, Holland, Sweden, Portugal and Switzerland, subject to legislation in the various countries. Other delegates, among them the Russian, decided to refer the convention to their governments for signature.

The United States was not represented at the conference.

Minimum Wage In Texas.

In connection with the agitation for the establishment by law of a minimum wage for women and child workers it is interesting to note that Fort Worth, Tex., claims the distinction of having established, by agreement between employing merchants and the Retail Clerks' International Protective association, the first minimum wage for women workers in stores. Ten years ago this agreement fixed the minimum wage at $5 per week; later it was raised to $6, and, doubtless due at least in some measure to the agitation carried on by the Retail Clerks' union, recently one of the merchants of Fort Worth has raised the minimum in his establishment to $9 per week, not even beginners being put to work at less than that rate.

Ladies' Tailors Win.

The strike of the 7,000 members of the Ladies' Tailors' union of New York, who struck some weeks ago, has been officially ended. The new agreement provides for a forty-eight hour working week, wages ranging from $17 to $27 a week for first class firms and from $15 to $24 a week for second class firms.

TRADE UNION BRIEFS.

Painters and Decorators paid out $10,450 in death benefits during September.

New York city's Dressmakers' union plans to organize 8,000 girls still outside the union.

The Garment Workers' International union pays the president of the organization $4,160 a year.

Massachusetts State Federation of Labor advocates the establishment of a free university in that state.

A new agreement obtained by the street railway employees of Salt Lake City is for a period of four years and grants an increase of 2 cents an hour.

Harry L. Morrison of San Francisco, the new secretary-treasurer of the International Union of Steam Laundry Workers, has taken up his duties at international headquarters, Troy, N. Y.

FOR THE CHILDREN

The Milky Way.

I dreamed I was a milkmaid
And had a little pail.
To milk cows I was not afraid.
I felt I could not fail.

My path it was the Milky way.
I stepped from star to star.
I went along so bright and gay,
The world seemed off so far.

I looked around. Each tiny star
Saucily winked at me
And seemed to say, "Little maid, you are
As pretty as pretty can be."

You lovely, lovely, shining things,
I'll try to count you, I said.
Oft I've counted butterflies' wings
As over the green grass they sped.

Oh, dear—oh, dear, what a time I had
Tripping along on my starry way
As I tried to count! But I was so glad
When the sun waked me and it was day!

An Observing Puppy.

A clergyman writes from Honiton, England, to record an instance of a very high order of intelligence in an animal, of a power of reasoning:

"I have a pup aged ten months and a dog four years old, both of which live in the house and are great pets. A short time ago my wife was ill. Though the older dog, owing to his quiet and sedate way, was allowed to enter her room, the puppy was never admitted. The nurse could always tell which dog was at the door, because the older dog gave one single and gentle scratch and then remained quiet, while the puppy scratched violently and frequently and whined. The puppy apparently could not understand why she was not admitted and felt her exclusion sorely. One day she scratched furiously, as usual. No notice was taken. Presently she was heard going 'flop-flop' downstairs. In a few minutes the single gentle scratch of the old dog was heard. The door was opened, and there were both dogs.

"Strange to say, from that time the puppy so imitated the scratch of the other dog that it was impossible to tell which was at the door. Undoubtedly the puppy went and asked the old dog to show her how he gained admission. How else can one explain the fact?"

Houses Without Nails.

In Alberta, Canada, there is a village of houses which have been constructed without nails, says the Detroit Free Press.

These houses have been built by Ruthenian immigrants, and their architecture is very novel. Their first attempts at house building are usually of the kind they had been accustomed to in Europe, and their buildings are of the typical Ruthenian style—log, pitch roofed, thatched and wide in the eaves. In many cases these buildings are put up without a dollar's worth of hardware.

Even the door, an affair of slender twigs woven and laced together, swings on homemade hinges and is latched with a wooden hasp. The floor is of hewn logs, unnailed. The roof, as the favorite Russian roof always is, is a wonderful fabric of poles and cross woven wheat straw, ten inches thick, packed tight and solid and laid with such care that it will shed the weather for twenty years.

Flower Language.

Flowers have a language of their own. Now, were you to send a bouquet to your best friend it would be well to know that a full blown rose means beauty, garden marigold means uneasiness, garden anemone means expectation, geranium means gentility, goldenrod means precaution, holly means foresight, honeysuckle means bond of love, hyacinth means game, ivy means true friendship, laurel means glory, lily means innocence, lily of the valley means return of happiness, lotos means silence, maple means reserve, marigold means despair, narcissus means egotism, orange blossom means marriage, pansy means thought, passion flower means superstition, and peony means shame.

Origin of Sayings.

A thoroughbred gamecock shows only red and black feathers, and a crossbreed is known by a white feather in its tail. Hence "to show the white feather" conveys a strong notion of cowardice, from one point of view at least.

One may search the Scriptures in vain for any allusion to Job's turkey. The expression "As poor as Job's turkey" had its origin in the brain of a humorist, Sam Slick. He described this bird as being possessed of but one feather in its tail and as of so feeble a constitution that it was only by leaning against a fence that it was enabled to gobble.

Exclamations.

Among the curious exclamations in everyday use, "Hello!" and "Hurrah!" have perhaps the most curious origins attributed to them. It is said that the people of Carnwood forest, Leicestershire, England, when they desire to hail a person at a distance, call out not "hello!" but "halloup!" This, a well known author says, is simply a survival of the time when one cried to another, "A loup, a loup!" or "A wolf, a wolf!"

"Hurrah!" according to M. Littre, is derived from the Slavonic huray, "To Paradise!" which signified that all soldiers who fell fighting went straight to heaven.

John's History.

"Now, tell me, John, why Washington crossed the Delaware?" asked teacher.

"'Cause all the other rivers were too far away at that time," promptly answered John.

Sundays only

8:10
8:25
8:33
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8:39
8:46
8:52
8:55
8:59
9:00
9:03
9:05
9:11
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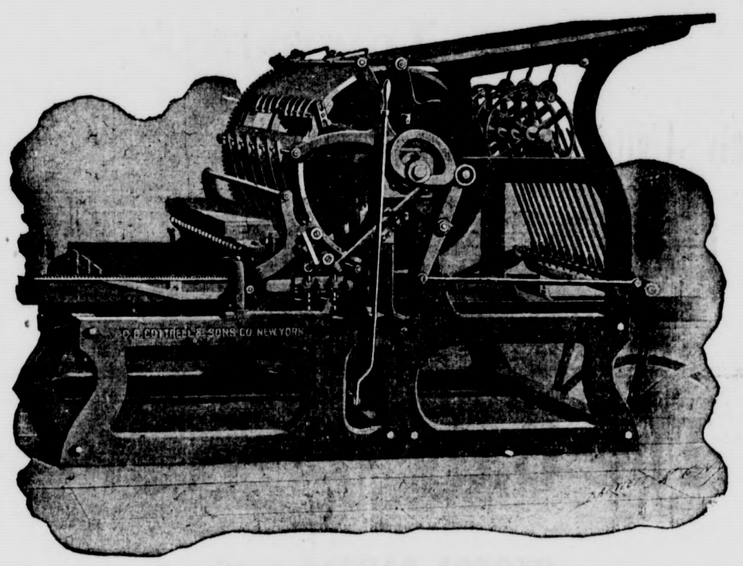
BOOST!

THE

PANAMA-PACIFIC INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITION

SAN FRANCISCO 1915 CALIFORNIA



San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

Goes Directly Into the Hands of Those Whom You Wish Most to Reach

Reasonable Prices **Good Workmanship**

OCEAN SHORE RAILROAD

Sundays only	Daily	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Distance from S. F.	TIME TABLE No. 26 November 2, 1913 STATIONS	Daily except Sunday	Daily	Daily except Sunday	Sunday only	Sunday only
8:10	5:35	10:00	8:10	0	SAN FRANCISCO	7:30	2:30	4:15	5:00	8:40
8:25	5:50	10:15	8:30	2.5	Shops	7:15	2:15	4:00	4:45	8:25
8:33	5:59	10:23	8:40	5.4	Onondago	7:07	2:02	3:50	4:36	8:17
8:37	6:03	10:27	8:46	7.1	Palmetto	7:03	1:55	3:46	4:32	8:13
8:39	6:05	10:29	8:50	7.6	DALY CITY	7:01	1:52	3:44	4:30	8:11
8:46	6:12	10:35	9:00	9.9	Thornton	6:54	1:42	3:38	4:24	8:04
8:52	6:19	10:41	9:06	11.9	Mussel Rock	6:46	1:34	3:30	4:16	7:56
8:55	6:22	10:44	9:10	13.1	Edgemar	6:42	1:29	3:26	4:12	7:52
8:59	6:26	10:48	9:16	14.3	SALADA	6:39	1:24	3:23	4:09	7:49
9:00	6:28	10:49	9:19	14.8	Brighton	6:35	1:18	3:19	4:05	7:45
9:03	6:31	10:53	9:23	16.0	Vallemar	6:32	1:13	3:15	4:01	7:42
9:05	6:33	10:55	9:45	16.6	Rockaway	6:31	1:10	3:14	4:00	7:41
9:11	6:39	11:01	10:04	18.1	TOBIN	6:26	12:53	3:09	3:55	7:36
9:14	6:42	11:04	10:07	18.9	Ransome	6:23	12:46	3:05	3:51	7:33
9:22	6:50	11:12	10:15	21.1	Green Canon	6:15	12:38	2:57	3:42	7:25
9:26	6:54	11:16	10:30	22.8	Montara	6:10	12:32	2:51	3:34	7:20
9:28	6:56	11:18	10:33	23.0	FARALLONE	6:09	12:30	2:50	3:32	7:19
9:32	6:59	11:22	10:38	24.1	MOSS BEACH	6:06	12:23	2:47	3:27	7:16
9:33	7:00	11:24	10:39	24.4	Marine	6:05	12:19	2:45	3:25	7:15
9:37	7:04	11:28	10:43	26.0	Princeton	6:01	12:16	2:41	3:21	7:11
9:38	7:05	11:30	10:44	26.5	North Granada	5:59	12:15	2:39	3:20	7:09
9:40	7:06	11:31	10:45	27.1	Granada	5:58	12:13	2:38	3:19	7:08
9:42	7:08	11:32	10:54	27.6	SO. GRANADA	5:57	12:12	2:37	3:17	7:07
9:43	7:09	11:34	10:57	28.1	Miramar	5:55	12:09	2:35	3:15	7:05
9:50	7:15	11:40	11:14	30.2	HALF MOON	5:50	12:01	2:30	3:10	7:00
10:05	7:20	11:55	11:20	30.8	Arleta	5:45	11:55	2:25	3:05	6:55
10:10	7:30	11:59	.....	32.6	Fairhaven	.....	11:21	2:20	3:00	.....
10:15	7:33	12:05	.....	34.3	Purissima	.....	11:15	2:15	2:55	.....
10:17	7:34	12:07	.....	34.8	Sealrox	.....	11:12	2:09	2:54	.....
10:23	7:38	12:13	.....	36.1	Lobitos	.....	11:07	2:06	2:50	.....
10:30	7:43	12:20	.....	38.0	TUNITAS	.....	11:00	2:00	2:40	.....

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDY ON

THE SIN OF COVETOUSNESS.

Joshua 7—Dec. 14.

"Be sure your sin will find you out."—Numbers 32:23.

THE Israelites, flushed with victory, proceeded with the conquest of Canaan. Spies were sent to Ai. Returning, these advised that the place was small, and that two or three thousand men would be quite sufficient for its capture. They anticipated that their enemies would be so terror-stricken as to render little or no defense. But the experiences at Ai were the reverse. Thirty-six Israelites were slain; and Israel's army, perceiving that they had not the Lord's favor, fled before their enemies.

Joshua and the Elders of Israel were bewildered at this defeat. They prostrated themselves before the Ark of the Covenant, bewailing the trouble, and especially fearful of the influence of the defeat—encouraging their enemies and discouraging Israel.

The Accursed or Devoted Thing.

In our Common Version, *accursed* has been used where *devoted* would have been preferable. The Lord informed Joshua that the Divine favor was not with Israel because of their unfaithfulness. When Jericho was captured, a portion of the spoils had been appropriated by a soldier. According to the Lord's arrangement all the spoils were devoted in advance, hence this was a breach of their agreement, and Israel's army could have no blessing until the matter was rectified.

Bewailing the Trouble.

That the lesson might be learned by all Israel, the Lord directed that the representatives of all the tribes appear before Him, and lots be cast; that thus would be indicated the tribe to which the guilty one belonged. In like manner the different families of that tribe were tested, and the family found. Step by step the matter came down to Achan, who was indicated as guilty.

The penalty upon Achan was death by stoning, and after the stoning the corpse was burned—the burning indicating symbolically that there is no hope of a future life for any of the wilfully wicked during Messiah's Reign. Achan, as a member of Adam's family, must have a share with all the race in the redemption provided by Jesus' death.

As the Sodomites, redeemed by the merit of Jesus' sacrifice, will be awakened from death during the Millennium, and their experiences be more tolerable than those of the people of Chorazin and Bethsaida, so it will surely be with Achan.

Covetousness In Our Day.

Perhaps never has there been so much covetousness as today. How few comparatively would do very differently from what Achan did! If all such were to be stoned to death and burned, the world would be one vast funeral pyre. True, they are not deterred by fear of any such punishment; nevertheless, a large proportion of them profess to believe that for all such sins the penalty is eternal torture. Many who are ready to condemn Joshua's course in stoning Achan are ready to believe that the God of all Grace, the Father of Mercies, would do ten times worse by practically the entire human family.

Alas, how twisted our minds have become! How glad we are that the true light is now shining and chasing away our hobgoblins of false doctrine, handed down from the Dark Ages.

Covetousness In the Consecrated.

The term Christian today has a very wide application, and in general signifies a civilized person. But it really belongs to a comparatively small class—those consecrated to be Jesus' footstep followers. These have entered the antitypical Canaan, and are fighting the good fight. These would recognize all the spoils of warfare as consecrated to God.

The Penalty—Death by Stoning.

It is for these to inquire, Am I withholding any part of what I consecrated to God? If they are so doing, they are in danger, not only of exercising an injurious influence upon others, but also of the fate typically illustrated in Achan's case—the Second Death.

"Covetousness, Which Is Idolatry."

The Apostle declares that covetousness is idolatry. It puts first the thing coveted; and when this is contrary to the Divine will, this attitude signifies that the coveted thing is more desired than the Divine favor. Thus we see the world is full of idolatry. The idols most worshiped are wealth and pleasure.

On the contrary, the true God, from whom comes every good and perfect gift, receives but slight attention from the masses of His creatures. His laws, His will, His pleasure and His favor are scarcely thought of. Yet wealth and pleasure, pursued on every hand, bring neither joy nor peace.

The worshipers of mammon and pleasure are unhappy, discontented, and apparently growing more so. Man is so constituted by nature that his finest and noblest sentiments, which bring him the most joy and peace, are the exercise of his mind and talents Godward.

GROWTH OF UNIONS.

Capital Shows Weakness In Pretending to Ignore Labor.

There are those who chafe at what they regard as the slow growth of the trade union movement, says the Shoe Workers' Journal. They are impatient because it is not immediately as powerful as they recognize it could and would be if it embraced the entire wage earning population.

There are others, however, to whom the growth of the union movement appears healthy and vigorous, all things considered. It is only a few years ago that the membership of the American Federation of Labor was around 600,000. A committee of the National Manufacturers' convention in Detroit recently reported in opposition to the union label idea that the entire membership of unions committed to the union label proposition was only 400,000. At one time this statement might have been applied to the American Federation of Labor with truth, but it would be about twenty years ago, or, in other words, the figures are about twenty years behind the times.

In the last twenty years the American labor movement, as represented by the American Federation of Labor, has multiplied five times, and there are more than five times as many people committed to the union label idea than the committee of the manufacturers conceded. The trouble with the manufacturers is that they underestimate the union strength, and they speak foolishly when they imagine that a retail dealer will refuse to handle union label products demanded by a thousand employees and put in their place nonunion products demanded by one employer.

It would be better for employing interests to recognize that the steady growth of the movement must be based upon strong fundamental reasons and that it is better to treat with it in tolerance and liberality with a view to industrial peace rather than to be perpetually making ineffective efforts to suppress the insuppressible.

To those members of organized labor who feel impatient and who imagine that the growth of the movement is slow we repeat the statement that the American trade union movement has multiplied by five in the last twenty years, and, with all due respect to their opinions, this is not a slow growth. On the contrary, the rate of growth is perhaps fully as fast as is healthful, meaning by this that it is just as essential that the movement should grow on sound lines as that it should grow in large numbers, and if it grow on sound lines it must be by the increasing intelligence of the rank and file of its membership, and this increasing intelligence must be the product of education and experience in union principles and work as well as in the everyday affairs of life.

The growth spoken of in which the American labor movement multiplies by five in twenty years is natural growth, and when we speak of 2,007,650 members we speak of 2,007,650 members in good standing whose dues are paid within reasonable limits, and these figures do not include many thousands of other members who are not financially in good standing, but who are considered union members and are expected and without doubt intend to reinstate themselves.

Dividing Strength.

A recent news item gives particulars of an injunction suit in Philadelphia between a seceding union of street car men and the regular organization. The suit was decided in favor of the regular organization. It is only a few years back that the street car men of Philadelphia had a desperate battle for the right to organize and to secure some slight improvement in their condition. They were none too strong to win with all their forces united. Have they since become so strong that they can afford to be divided? If it were possible to punish adequately those members of organized labor who create these divisions of the forces of labor no punishment could be too severe

TRADE UNION BRIEFS.

British fisheries employ over 100,000 men and boys.

The French working girl can live on 80 cents a day.

One Oldham (England) machine shop employs 10,000 men.

There are upward of 300,000 female teachers in this country.

Street railway men of Regina, Canada, have secured a nine hour day.

A workmen's compensation bill was passed by the last West Virginia legislature.

A $500,000 office building will be erected in St. Louis by the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

Labor unions of Point Richmond, Cal., have taken the preliminary steps to build a labor temple.

In Belgium boys under sixteen years of age can still be employed in brickyards up to twelve hours daily.

A new paper has been launched in St. Augustine, Fla., by the Central Trades council under the name of the Artisan.

Journeymen tailors of Scotland have received an increase of 10 per cent in wages. This means every large center in Scotland.

Widows' pensions as a companion law for the minimum wage is urged by the National Women's Trades Union league.

A law has been passed recently in New Zealand which makes a fine possible for any person that works more than eight hours a day.

Gems In Verse

THANKS.

THANK God for this bright frailty of life,
The lyric briefness of its reckless spring.
Thank God for all the swift adventuring,
The bold uncertainty, the strengthening strife.
Thank God the world is set to such a tune,
That life is such a proud and crashing wave;
That none but lifeless things shall be time's slave,
Like the long dead but never tiring moon;
That godlike passion strangely leaps and runs;
That youth cannot grow old nor beauty stale;
That even death is fragile and must fail
Before the winds of joy that speed the suns.

—Louis Untermeyer.

YOUTH.

WHAT do they know of youth who still are young?
They but the singers of a golden song,
Who may not guess its worth or wonder—flung
Like largess to the throng.
We only—young no longer, old so long—
Before its harmonies stand marveling—
Oh, we who listen; never they who sing!

NOT for itself is beauty, but for us
Who gaze upon it with all reverent eyes.
And youth, which sheds its glory luminous,
Gives ever in this wise.
Itself the joy it may not realize.
Only we know who linger overlong
Youth that is made of beauty and of song.

—Theodosia Garrison.

WORTHY.

I MAY not reach the heights I seek;
My untried strength may fail me,
Or halfway up the mountain peak
Fierce tempests may assail me;
But, though my goal I never see,
This thought shall always dwell with me
I will be worthy of it.

I MAY not triumph in success
Despite my earnest labor;
I may not grasp results that bless
The efforts of my neighbor;
But, though life's dearest joy I miss,
There lies a nameless strength in this:
I will be worthy of it.

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

ILLUSIVE BEAUTY.

I HAVE loved flowers that fade,
Within whose magic tents
Rich hues have marriage made
With sweet unmemoried scents.
A honeymoon delight—
A joy of love at sight
That ages in an hour—
My song be like a flower!

I have loved airs that die
Before their charm is writ
Along a liquid sky
Trembling to welcome it.
Notes that with pulse of fire
Proclaim the spirit's desire,
Then die and are nowhere;
My song be like an air!

Die, song, die like a breath
And wither as a bloom;
Fear not a flowery death,
Dread not an airy tomb!
Fly with delight, fly hence!
'Twas thine love's tender sense
To feast; now on thy bier
Beauty shall shed a tear.

—Robert Bridges, Poet Laureate of England.

STATESMEN AND SALARIES.

IF salaries so great are seen
That all with envious gaze discern them
Some men may suffer anguish keen
Because they draw, but cannot earn them.

—Washington Evening Star.

ROOM AT THE TOP.

THERE'S ever a crowd in the valley,
For the lower a soul descends
The more it finds of the smaller minds
That seek out their selfish ends.
There's companionship in the valley,
With others your lot is thrown,
But the man who tries for the larger prize
Must travel the heights alone.

He must make for himself a pathway
Where no other foot e'er trod
Till he grows complete in contentment sweet
As he learns to walk with God.
There is glory upon the mountain,
Though the summit is cold and bleak.
Yet the radiant burst of the dawn falls first.
Like a blowing rose on the peak.

Then dare the paths of the mountain,
Oh, spirit with godlike fire,
Whose depths are stirred by an inward word,
To struggle and to aspire,
Be not content, with the sluggard,
In the valley of life to stop,
But with purpose bold heed the adage old:
"There's always room at the top."

—J. A. Edgerton.

LOVE'S DANCE.

LOVE came dancing through the world,
And my heart was glad.
Love she came and danced with me
When the world was sad—
Danced and kissed me on the lips
Till my blood ran mad.

AND forgotten was the world,
Gold and ruby's shine;
Folly came and to our lips
Pressed her ruby wine,
And I laughed, and danced we on;
Youth and Love were mine.

WISE ones sought to lure me back—
Wise ones gray and old—
Showed me Wisdom and Renown
And the glint of gold,
But they could not hear the tale
Love to me had told.

WHAT cares Love for great renown,
Gold or rubies fine?
Beggars they who cling to these,
Leaving Love for mine;
Holding to their breasts but drosa
While I drink Love's wine!

—Will Lisenbee.

QUEER FASHIONS.

The New Thick Neck Is the Latest.

HANDSOME TAILORED SUIT.

The new styles this season are truly fearfully and wonderfully made. At least, some of them are—the lamp shade skirt, dyed furs, landscape veils and the like. To these eccentricities has been added the collar that doesn't fit. With no pretense to fit, this neck arrangement is one of the ugliest of the freak fashions.

Aside from the thick wired collar, the costume pictured is one of the best looking tailleurs of the season. It is made of brocaded mohair in a charming shade of plum and is trimmed with a girdle of American Beauty satin. The little bolero coat reveals the girdle, and the sash ends fall gracefully from under a gathered peplum.

Tribute to Women.

In the Woman's Home Companion Ignace Paderewski, the celebrated pianist, is interviewed on the subject "What a Little Knowledge of Music Means." In the course of the interview Paderewski is quoted as saying:

"But for women there would today be no art in the world, not alone in America, but anywhere. The assertion may seem a sweeping one, but I thoroughly believe it to be true. The women it is who, through inborn love of music and responsive, deeply refined feeling, encourage it in brave, practical, energetic ways. The women it is, too, who lead in the cause of its fostering and influence by their supreme enthusiasm the men to follow."

Pulchritude and Pedagogy.

Dr. Williams, superintendent of schools at Richmond, Va., advises the school board not to employ women teachers who were either startlingly beautiful or equally homely. The objection, he said, was that a teacher whose personal looks were unusual would attract more attention to herself than to her teaching. He believes that teachers ought not to attract attention to themselves in any way.

KITCHEN KINKS.

Nuts when bought ready shelled should be scalded, dried in the oven and put away in glass jars.

Ordinary lemonade will make a delicious, refreshing drink when sweetened with maple sirup instead of sugar.

Test potatoes by cutting in two and rubbing the cut surfaces together; then press the two parts together. If they stick the potatoes are good.

The addition of a little soda mixed with a teaspoonful of cornstarch to the cream before pouring it into the tomato mixture will prevent curdling in the making of creamed tomato soup.

The secret of flaky pie crust is the use of hot water (not boiling) rather than cold in mixing the dough. If this suggestion is followed the crust will always be flaky, tender and crisp.

No matter how much dripping is used fish when being fried is apt to stick to the pan's bottom. If a tablespoonful of dry salt is put into the pan and rubbed over it it will be found satisfactory.

Often when boiling eggs the white comes through the shell and spoils the taste of the egg through its appearance. This may be prevented if a teaspoonful of salt is put into the water before boiling.

Daly City Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

Indorsed by the Building Trades Council of San Mateo County.

By J. L. BROWN

Entered at the post office of Daly City, Cal., as Second-class matter, under the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879

TERMS:

One Year, in advance.....$1.50
Six Months, " ..... .75
Three Months, " ..... .40

DALY CITY, CALIFORNIA, DECEMBER 12, 1913

EDUCATED EDITORS

Suspense is awful to a sensitive mind, so the editor of the San Mateo Index is holding back this week's issue one day in order that the esteemed gentlemen who preside over the destinies of the San Mateo Leader will not have to wait "a whole week."

Our readers will kindly excuse us for not indulging in such epithets as "the ravings of a maniac," lunatic," "frenzied editorial attacks," "arch deceiver of union labor," "imbecile," etc., as our education was wholly neglected along these lines in the little red country school house. They are expressions which are never used by presidents in their messages to Congress, nor by the clergy, or other high-class people, evidencing their lack of educational training also. However, these pleasantries must be classic when the gentlemen of the Leader use them, and the editor of the Index will take note and perhaps refer to them again later on.

As for the Daly City Record being printed in San Mateo, we doubt if the people of San Mateo object, any more than do the people of Palo Alto object to the Leader being printed there. True, we started a "one horse" printing shop in Daly City, or rather Colma at that time, because we were without financial resources, and it required a lot of hard work to accumulate a fine piece of business property with a good two-story building and the acquirement of two live wire newspapers, including the very best printery in San Mateo. If our $3000 Linotype is being paid for in monthly installments, which it is, there must be some "credit" to make possible so large an investment on such terms.

Furthermore, the gentlemen of the Leader say they took charge of the Leader November 1, and then they say "Long before Mr. Brown thought of purchasing a typesetting machine the new editors of the Leader had completed arrangements to equip the Leader office with machinery that will surpass anything Mr. Brown ever owned in his life." The Linotype was installed in the Index office September 10, about two months before "new life infused into the San Mateo Leader."

Of the controversy that through unfairness and treachery the San Mateo Index is temporarily debarred from the use of the Union Label, that is being appealed to the Executive Board of the International Typographical Union, where there will undoubtedly be a reversal of the local union's action, so the gentlemen of the Leader are not bolstering up their claim of lack of responsibility by asserting that the Index is an "arch traitor of union labor." The union label does not appear in the San Mateo Leader, so that painful solicitation and effort to get the Building Trades Council to withdraw its indorsement from the Index will not likely meet with spontaneous acquiescence in its demand.

The San Mateo Index concluded last week its presentation, in self-defense, of facts, with confidence in the fairmindedness of the people, pending the appeal to the higher tribunal. The indorsement of the Building Trades Council has not been withdrawn and the editor of the Index has absolute faith that it will not be done—for the San Mateo Index is the only paper in San Mateo county that publishes the unfair list or ever says a word for Labor Unionism.

POLICE JUDGE AS LAW MAKER

The law passed by the last Legislature to compel advertisers for strikebreakers to state that a strike is in progress has been declared unconstitutional by a little two by four police judge in Los Angeles. Funny what exalted ideas one gets from living in a "chemically pure" town. We had always supposed that "law making by the courts" was a prerogative of the higher tribunals, but it seems that "chemically pure" police judges are also above the law.

We'll wager all our income over and above the amount exempt from income tax that that police judge will have the support of the Merchants and Manufacturers' Association in his next campaign, and he should have it. He has done his little best to show that that is what he deserves.

This must not be taken as an aspersion on the majesty of the courts, which must be something almost omnipotent when a police judge can overrule the will of the people of the entire State as expressed by their representatives.

BENOIST "COMES BACK"

Last week's issue of the Coast Side Comet came to our desk with the announcement that W. B. Benoist has joined hands with George E. Dunn in the publication of the Comet, and it is understood that they intend establishing a new paper at Half Moon Bay to be run in connection with the Comet. George E. Dunn is a wide-awake young man, a good mixer and a prince when it comes to honor and square dealing. W. B. Benoist is well known to our readers as the founder of the San Mateo Index and a union man who has been of great benefit to Trades' Unionism in San Mateo county. Dunn & Benoist is a good team and we wish them the greatest success.

SEND CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE EAST AS CHRISTMAS GIFT

Suggestion Received From San Diego by Development Association

The Christmas spirit permeated the atmosphere Tuesday evening at the meeting of the San Mateo County Development Association, at which the principal business up for discussion was the inter-station and single-fare fight for lower rates.

The Yuletide expression came in a letter rfom the Chamber of Commerce of San Diego County. Attention was directed to the fact that all express companies operating in this State had recently inaugurated a very cheap blanket rate which could be utilized in shipping California fruit, nuts and vegetables as holiday gifts to Eastern friends.

The idea is to further the sale of California products, therein advertising the State. The suggestion is also made that every commercial organization and the members thereof be requested to include literature and advertising matter, bearing on each respective section, in the packages containing gifts.

While the letter states that packages can be shipped to practically every express office in the United States at a minimum rate of 35 cents for each shipment, the rate being four cents per pound, the San Mateo County Development Association desires to call attention to the fact that the parcel post charges are equally as low.

In purchasing gifts for Eastern friends, it should be borne in mind that anything in the shape of a remembrance typifying California sunshine is greeted with a great deal of enthusiasm and cheer in places where Christmas weather spells severe cold.

Three beautifully designed medals given by the California Land Show and Home Industry Exhibition which were won by exhibitors from San Mateo county were received this week. Nine more medals are to arrive shortly, when they will be distributed by the Development Association. Henry Maier of the Hillsborough Nurseries has received his medal, having won it in competition for the best shrubbery exhibit. The MacRorie-McLaren Co. of Beresford also received their medal for the best display of trees and plants. The third medal represented the meritorious work of San Mateo county in making the general display.

Pioneer Woman Passes

Mrs. Miranda E. Mills, one of the wealthiest women of San Mateo county, died here Saturday morning. Deceased was a native of Vermont and came to California in 1850. She was 81 years of age. Mrs. Mills is survived by a son, Burleigh Murray Mills, of Beresford, and a daughter, Mrs. Carrie A. Jury, of San Mateo. The funeral was held Monday.

The Wyoming Labor Journal is wondering from what source the armed thugs in the strike field of Colorado have been supplied with Government rifles.

SAN MATEO UNION HIGH SCHOOL TEAMS WIN AGAIN

Fives From Graduates and Faculty Defeated at Basketball

The game scheduled with the Stanford All Stars for last Friday evening was not played, as the visitors did not show up. This was a disappointment to the local followers of the game, as they had expected to see a very close game. Some of the graduated players who were at the game consented to act as substitutes and a team was quickly arranged to play the local high school team. Although the opposing players showed a lack of team work, they played a very good game. The final score was 29 to 19.

The game between the faculty and the second team was won by the latter only after a hard fight. The final score was 16 to 13. Mr. Glascock starred for the faculty.

Dr. Sisson acted as referee. The teams lined up as follows:

High School (first)		Graduates
Perham	Forward	Biven
Teall	Forward	Norberg
Batchelder	Center	Hopler
Barneson	Guard	Scott
Chalmers	Guard	Peck
Patterson	Guard	Glascock
High School (second)		**Faculty**
Biven	Forward	Fisher
Pride	Forward	Faulkner
Everitt	Center	Hopler
Aubert	Guard	Peck
Barton	Guard	Glascock

Building Trades for Night School

At a meeting of the San Mateo Building Trades Council held Thursday evening, December 4, the following resolution was adopted:

Whereas, The high school board has decided to establish a night school, and

Whereas, The trustees have taken action in the matter, and the San Mateo Women's Club has shown that this is a much needed want; therefore be it

Resolved, That we approve the establishing of said night school, and heartily indorse the same.

J. H. FLYNN, President.
EDWARD BRADY, Secretary.

San Mateo vs. San Jose

Friday evening the San Mateo High School basketball team will meet the San Jose High School five at the high school gymnasium in the second league game of the season. Both teams are in excellent shape and a good game is expected. Last year the local team defeated the San Jose boys at San Mateo, but in a return game at San Jose were defeated by a very close score. This year the San Mateo team expects a victory.

Hogs are not fond of jewelry, notwithstanding the fact that they wear rings.

"Men do not understand women," says a pessimest, "if they did then the women would have to do all the chasing.

CERTIFICATE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

County of San Mateo, } ss.
State of California, }

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we are partners transacting business in the County of San Mateo, State of California, under the firm, name and style of M. BELLI & CO.; that the names in full of all the members of such partnership, and their respective places of residence are:

Ernesta Belli, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

Evo Antraccoli, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

Urbano Granucci, residing at Colma, County of San Mateo, California.

And we further certify that there is no other partner, or partners interested in, concerned with or sharing the profits of such partnership. That our principal place of business is at Colma, in said County of San Mateo.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 17th day of October, A. D. 1913.

ERNESTA BELLI (SEAL).
EVO ANTRACCOLI (SEAL).
URBANO GRANUCCI (SEAL).

State of California, } ss.
County of San Mateo. }

On this 17th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, before me, Henry Ward Brown, a Notary Public in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California, residing therein, duly commissioned and sworn, personally appeared Ernesta Belli, Evo Antraccoli, and Urbano Granucci, known to me to be the persons described in, whose names are subscribed to, and who executed the annexed and foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at my office in the County of San Mateo, State of California, the day and year in this certificate first above written.

HENRY WARD BROWN,
Notary Public in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California.
(SEAL)

(ENDORSED)

Filed in the office of the County Clerk of San Mateo County, Cal., October 28, 1913.
JOS. H. NASH, County Clerk.
By E. L. FALVEY, Deputy Clerk.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record Friday, October 31, 1913, and continued five (5) times.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.
PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of John I. Hogan, Deceased. No. 1690.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Thomas J. Hogan, administrator of the estate of the said John I. Hogan, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 24th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the said estate of John I. Hogan, deceased.

Dated, October 24th, 1913.

THOMAS J. HOGAN,
Administrator of the Estate of John I. Hogan, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.
PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Annie Erwin, Deceased. No. 1698.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Andrew L. Erwin, administrator of the estate of the said Annie Erwin, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, or her estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made October 10th, 1913) to the administrator of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administrator for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Annie Erwin, deceased.

ANDREW L. ERWIN,
Administrator of the Estate of Annie Erwin, deceased.

Dated, October 10th, 1913.

Henry Ward Brown, attorney for said Administrator, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

Tell us that Local News or Society Item.

CHRISTMAS ANNOUNCEMENT

As a special benefit for the Holidays I will sell 30 Bread Tickets for $1.00, limit $5.00 to any one person, from December 15th to December 31st.

Bread is of the best quality, standard in quantity, manufactured in a clean, sanitary above-ground shop by the best of bakers, and the flour is a guarantee for the redemption of every ticket sold.

Wishing all a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

Yours,

Vista Grande Grocery & Bakery
A. VOGLER

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS

GoodMeat
Such as Is Sold By the
Pacific Meat Company
First Township
Only United States Government Inspected Meats
BEN S. GREEN

The Daly City Cafe
GEORGE PAPPAS, Prop.
Strictly First-class and Respectable
Corner Mission Road and Hillcrest Drive

When You Buy Paint Here
it is like buying directly from the company operating the largest paint and varnish plant in the world—the makers of the "Acme Quality" paints, enamels, stains, varnishes. You can get exactly what you want in the
ACME QUALITY
kind for touching things up, painting inside or outside, or for any other use. In buying, ask for the new authority—"The Acme Quality Painting Guide Book."

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD
2401 San Jose Ave. SAN FRANCISCO

Daly City Record

ELLIS C. JOHNSON
Justice of the Peace
Notary Public
Deeds, Contracts, etc., correctly drawn up.
Agent Ætna Fire Insurance Company
Phone Mission 6606

THE BOULEVARD
Mission Road & School St.
Case Goods A Specialty

Daly City Record

LOCAL PAGE

State Officials

Governor—Hiram W. Johnson.
Lieutenant Governor—Albert J. Wallace.
Secretary of State—Frank C. Jordan.
State Controller—
State Treasurer—E. D. Roberts.
Attorney General—U. S. Webb.
Sureyor General—W. S. Kingsbury.
State Printer—F. W. Richardson.
Supt. of Public Instruction—Edward Hyatt.
Adjutant General—E. A. Forbes.

RAILROAD COMMISSION
President—John M .Eastman.
Commissioners—Harvey D. Loveland, Alex. Gordon, Edwin O. Edgerton, Max Thelen.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION
Burton A. Towne, Cha les D. Blaney, N. D. Darlington.

County Officials

Judge of Superior Court.....George H. Buck
District Attorney.....Franklin Swart
Sheriff.....Joseph H. Mansfield
County Clerk.....Joseph H. Nash
Treasurer..... P. P. Chamberlain
Auditor.....Harry Underhill
Recorder.....H. O. Heiner
Tax and Lieense Collector.....A. McSweeney
Assessor.....C. D. Hayward
Supt. of Public Schools.....Roy W. Cloud
Sureyor.....James V. Neuman
Coroner and Public Admr.....H. G. Plymire
Health Officer.....W. G. Beattie
Assemblyman.....Henry Ward Brown

SUPERVISORS
First District.....James T. Casey, Colma
Second District...Wm. H. Brown, San Mateo
Third District.....John MacBain, Menlo Park
Fourth District..J. M. Francis, Halfmoon Bay
Fifth District....D. E. Blackburn, Pescadero

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
First District

Ellis C. Johnson.....Daly City
John F. Davis.....San Bruno

CONSTABLES—First District
J. H. Parker.....Daly City
J. C. Wallace.....South San Francisco

Daly City Officials

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
Burton C. Ross, President
Edward Freyer
A. J. Green
Charles L. Biebel
C. A. Landini

City Attorney, J. H. Morris
Recorder, Ellis C. Johnson
Treasurer, T. Sheehan
Clerk, George L. Smith
Marshal, Eugene J. Lucey
Poundmaster, J. J. Sullivan

DALY CITY POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M. and 7 P. M.

HAZEL C. RUSSELL,
Postmistress.

COLMA POSTOFFICE

Postoffice open daily from 8 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Money order window opened from 8 a. m. to 5.45 p. m.
Letters for registration must be posted half an hour previous to the time for closing the mail.
Mails are dispatched from office 15 minutes before train time.
Outgoing mail leaves as follows:
7.08 a. m.
1.10 p. m.
6.49 p. m.
Mails arriving at this office are as follows:
6.05 a. m.
11.56 a. m.
5.55 p. m.

JOSEPHINE ARMANINO,
Postmistress.

For Sale—I will sell my Belgian hares and pens cheap. Enquire at post office. *

For Sale—A 1913 Indian motorcycle, fully equipped; price $220. Enquire at 145 Santa Ana avenue, Daly City. *

DON'T MONKEY with the Cheap Printer. It costs you more in the long run. Pay us legitimate union prices for good work and get satisfaction. *

Dr. F. Bush's dental office is No. 420 Mission road. Office hours 10:30 to 5.30 p. m. except Wednesdays. Evenings by appointment Sundays 10 to 12. *

Those sending in local items will greatly increase the interest by giving the initials of people mentioned. Doing so will add value to the item and be far more satisfactory to every reader.

PAY UP!!—Quite a number of our subscribers owe for the paper. The amounts are small but when several hundred of them are added together the amount would be sufficiently large to cover all our obligations, which is what we desire.

To complete the files of the Daly City Record we desire a copy of the issue of March 14, 1913. If any of our subscribers have a copy of that issue, they will confer a favor by sending asme to this office, for which we will be pleased to reciprocate.

The honest way to discontinue a subscription to a newspaper is to first pay the small amount you owe. Thus you will retain the respect of the editor and guard your own peace of mind. To do otherwise, such as ordering the postmaster to notify the publisher that the paper is "refused," is cowardly, sneaking as a snake thief, and worse than highway robbery.

George Pappas has sold his restaurant and will devote his entire time to his saloon.

By the time a flirt gets tired of the game there is seldom a man worth having that she can get.

John Harris is greatly improving the home place, 147 Santa Ana avenue, with a new coat of paint.

Shelving is being put in the new Rosenberg building, for starting a first-class hardware store, including stoves, etc.

Thursday afternoon by Mrs. J. H. Parker at her home on North Park avenue, and a very enjoyable time is reported.

B. F. Jarvis has returned from a few months' stay in Mendocino county, where he was employed at his trade, carpentering.

Women worry more about their complexion than they do about their prospective harp and crown and men glory in their pride.

Two acres of land with new 5-room house at foot of Fifth avenue for sale or lease. Custer-Martin, 702 Market street, San Francisco. *

Mrs. Ben Hansen, who was reported last week as having an operation performed for a serious trouble in the head, is getting along nicely.

There will be a pie and cake social at the M. E. Church, corner Garden street and Knowles avenue, on Wednesday afternoon, December 17. *

We all love those whom we benefit; as soon as we find ourselves actually interested in benefiting humanity, our love for humanity begins to grow and develop.

Harry Gregory, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Gregory, residing on Santa Ana avenue, is quite ill with pneumonia and was taken to St. Luke's Hospital Monday.

H. L. Carmichael, formerly in the grocery business in Daly City, has again decided to abide in this city of destiny, having moved into a cottage on Vista avenue.

John D. Daly is preparing for the removal of the candy store and Mrs. Smith's restaurant back 10 feet to make room for the State Highway. He will also excavate the rock on that corner.

The ladies of the M. E. Church Ladies' Aid wish to announce that they have ready-made women's and children's garments for sale, or will make to order. The profits are to be used for a worthy cause. *

Taken by mistake—umbrella from Firemen's dance November 26, 1913. Please return to Record office.

F. MICHELSEN,
H. F. SECOR,
J. GETTINGS,
Committee of Dance.

Our local baker, A. Vogler, proprietor of the Vista Grande Bakery and Grocery, is giving everybody quite a treat in the way of a Christmas present by selling 30 bread tickets for $1 from December 15 to December 31.

A. Winkler, who recently erected a nice modern cottage on Los Angeles avenue and rented same to the Kahn's of the Grandview Theatre, is preparing for the erection of another cottage on an adjoining lot for renting purposes and next spring he expects to add another.

Mrs. Henry Ward Brown gave a very enjoyable party at Colma Hall last Saturday evening for the benefit of the Protestant church, at which there were many people of all denominations present. There were songs, recitations and most delicious refreshments, including ice cream and cake.

Particular attention is called to the double-column display advertisement of Palin Bros., the enterprising dealers in motorcycles, bicycles and supplies and all kinds of sporting goods, 232-238 Second avenue, San Mateo, on the second page of the Record this week. It will pay you to read that advertisement *

The young ladies who attended Miss Olga Ottoboni's birthday party November 15 returned with a surprise party Saturday evening, November 29. The evening was spent in dancing, singing and games, and proved to be an enjoyable one. Later, a grand supper was served, which consisted of many dainty dishes.

At the last meeting of the school trustees the matter of erecting a couple of class rooms on the lower end of the Vista Grande school building grounds, the estimated cost to be about $1200, was introduced. There was considerable discussion on the subject and some wanted a bond issue made to erect a high school building with primary rooms.

The new School street road to the ocean which is being constructed by Supervisor Casey under the immediate direction of Roadmaster Jack Denpis, is progressing rapidly. One of the concrete bridges is completed and another nearly so. In a few months Daly City and Colma will have a splendid road to the ocean beach, the distance being a little over a mile from Mission road.

UNFIT MEAT CONDEMNED BY THE BOARD OF HEALTH

County Health Officer Co-operates With Local Authorities

Health Officer Wm. McLean condemned as unfit for food two cows which had been killed at a local slaughter house Monday. Dr. McLean got a "hunch" Monday morning that some cows which were to be slaughtered were unfit for consumption, so he went out to the slaughter house and looked them over. Three of them were killed Monday afternoon and two of them proved to be diseased.

As the slaughter house is outside the jurisdiction of the City of San Mateo, Dr. McLean sought authority from the county to destroy the unfit meat. It seemed for a time that none of the county ordinances covered the case, but finally City Attorney Kirkbride found that the ordinance relating to nuisances would fit the case. County Health Officer Dr. Beattie was communicated with and, acting under his instructions, the meat was destroyed by Dr. McLean.

The owner of the cattle threatened to bring suit against Dr. McLean, but after consulting Mr. Kirkbride he decided that the man who sold him the cows and not the Board of Health was to blame for his loss.

Dr. N. D. Morrison and Dr. Carl Fisher, members of the Board of Health, also inspected the meat and concurred in the opinion of Dr. McLean. The new Board of Health seems to be thoroughgoing in its efforts to preserve the health of the people of San Mateo and should have the hearty co-operation of all of us. Keep up the good work.

Killed by Train

Benjamin Castro, a gardener employed on the Robert Oxnard estate, was killed by a Southern Pacific freight train at Redwood City early Wednesday morning. He was crossing the tracks at Jefferson street, when the rear end of the train, which was being switched, backed into him. He was a native of Guam, 43 years old, and leaves a widow and four minor children.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the matter of the estate of Sarah A. Thornton, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at his residence in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being his place for the transaction of the business of said estate in the said County of San Mateo, State of California.

R. S. THORNTON,
Administrator of the Estate of said deceased.

Dated, Redwood City, Cal., December 11, 1913.

Edward F. Fitzpatrick, Attorney for said estate.

This notice first appeared in the Daly City Record December 12, 1913, and continued 5 times.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, Deceased.

No. 1699.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Kate Scramaglia, Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said Giovanni Scramaglia, deceased, or his estate, to exhibit and present them with the necessary vouchers, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice (made November 28th, 1913) to the administratrix of said estate, at the law office of Henry Ward Brown, on Washington Street, between Dunks and Briggs streets, in Colma, County of San Mateo, State of California, the same being the place hereby designated by said administratrix for the transaction of the business of the estate of said Giovanni Scramaglia, somestimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Dated, November 28th, 1913.

KATE SCRAMAGLIA,
Administratrix of the Estate of Giovanni Scramaglia, sometimes known as John Scramaglia, deceased.

Henry Ward Brown, Attorney for said Administratrix, Colma, San Mateo County, Cal.

This notice was first published in the Daly City Record, Friday, November 28, 1913.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC.,
October 1, 1913
of the

DALY CITY RECORD

published weekly at DALY CITY, CAL., required by Act of August 24, 1912.

NOTE.—This statement is to be made in duplicate, both copies to be delivered by the publisher to the postmaster, who will send one copy to the Third Assistant Postmaster General (Division of Classification), Washington, D. C., and retain the other in the files of the post office.

Editor,—J. L. Brown, 111 Theta avenue
Managing Editor.—J. L. Brown.
Business Manager.—J. L. Brown.
Publisher,—J. L. Brown.
Owner,—J. L. Brown, 111 Theta avenue.
Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: NONE.

Signed, J. L. BROWN, Owner.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of October, 1913.

ELLIS JOHNSON,
(SEAL) Notary Public
My commission expires January 11, 1915.

DALY CITY DADS

The Board of Trustees of Daly City met in regular session Monday evening with all members present except Green.

One bid was received for lithographing the water bonds for $85 and accepted.

Tax Collector Lucey and Recorder Johnson made reports and the same were filed.

Ross spoke of the obstruction on Los Angeles avenue which was reported by Trustee Freyer two months ago and ordered the Marshal to have it removed.

Freyer asked that the Board of Health be appointed, and Attorney Morris urged that it should be done at once, but the matter was laid over, of course. In the meantime, Daly City remains in danger of what San Mateo barely escaped this week in having tubercular cows sold to be eaten, which was prevented by the Board of Health.

The Marshal was asked about the disappearance of street lights and said the lights had been stolen.

A communication from C. M. Wooster Co. asking Daly City to pay the Southern Pacific Co. $5 for sewer under the tracks.

A motion was made to secure an architect to draw plans for a municipal building, the solid three actually admitting that the present dog house is not suitable. If about half of the money that has been wasted had been used we might have had a good city building at this time. And that would have been better POLITICS than to start this move now.

The usual good bunch of claims of more or less virtue were paid—not including a legitimate claim of the Daly City Record for printing notice for bids for bonds and for contract of water mains about three months ago.

Under Rule 9, G. J. Doering and T. Sheehan spoke of the bad condition of Wellington avenue, Irvington street and Templeton avenue, on account of heavy traffic at present, caused by the impassibility of Mission street, and R. R. Castle spoke of the bad condition of Hillcrest Drive.

Freyer received applause when he suggested that conditions should be improved on the laying of curbing, that it should be done by union labor and citizens of Daly City. Quite a discussion followed on that line, but nothing was done.

Finally the meeting adjourned to meet in adjourned session next Monday evening, when the matter of advertising for the sale of the remaining portion of the water bonds will be taken up. This matter was taken up earlier in the evening and would have gone through had not Freyer suggested postponement pending the injunction suit decision, in which Attorney Morris insisted should be done.

Patronize Advertisers

The new Linotype machine recently installed in the San Mateo Index office at a cost of $3000—which is the only first-class machine in San Mateo county, making this the best-equipped printery in the county.

NEW

PENINSULA THEATRE

DALY CITY'S
SPLENDID
Vaudeville and Movies

Cor. Mission a Templeton

This Play House is equal in its productions of Fine Pictures and Vaudeville Sketches to any place in San Francisco and the crowds each evening are idicative of the appreciative shown by th people.

JUST GO ONE EVENING AND BE CONVINCED

ANGELO SELMI
THE
LEADING
GROCER

Fruit & Vegetable Dealer

Goods Delivered Everywhere and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

DALY CITY CALIFORNIA

JOHN HENNESSY
DEALER IN
COAL
AND
FEED

53 Sickles Ave. Phone Mission 8100
Ocean View, S. F.

Daly City Postoffice

Postoffice open daily from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Sundays and holidays from 8 A. M. to 10 A. M. Outgoing mails close 6 A. M. and 6 P. M. Mail arrives at 7 A. M and 7 P. M.

HAZEL C. RUSSELL
Postmistress.

Colma Pioneer Merchandise Store
M. & S. BELLI & CO.
Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Clothing,
Boots, Shoes and Hats
Wines and Liquors Hay, Grain, Feed, General Merchandi
Importers of Pure Italian Olive Oil.
Branch at Hillcrest. Public Tel. Station. Colma

White is King

The very BEST [illegible] Family Sewing Machine that can be produced. Made in ROTARY and VIBRATOR styles.

The rotary makes both Lock and Chain stitch. The very latest up-to-the-minute steel atachments with each machine. Sold on easy paymcnts. Send name any address for our beautiful H. T. Catalogue Free.

HITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
1460 Market St
SAN FRANCISCO

SOCIAL EVENTS are so interesting to the readers of a local newspaper that the Index and Record is particularly desirous of mentioning them, and we wish everyone to bear this in mind and inform us of everything of that nature coming under their observation, either past or prospective. Please address "Society Editor" and sign your name—not for publication unless you wish it—but as a guarantee of good faith. Such announcements should reach this office not later than 9 P. M. Tuesday of each week, in order to insure insertion.

If it's printed—we can do the trick to perfection. Phone San Mateo 85 or call at 316 B street.

Woman's World

Pretty Girl Appointed Game Warden.

MISS NORMA FREDERIC GIBBONEY.

"I have already made two arrests for game violations. I had no trouble with the prisoners. I carried a revolver and a shotgun, and the pothunters knew that I could use either of them."

Which announcement goes to show that Miss Norma Frederic Gibboney didn't become game warden merely to wear a bright badge. Miss Gibboney was appointed warden recently by Governor Emmet O'Neal of Alabama. She probably is the only woman in the United States with this sort of commission.

When the news of her appointment was made public the pothunters in their huts along the Mobile bay marshes thought it a good joke.

"She's one of these society women," they laughed. "She never would come out on a rainy day for fear of getting her feet wet. On with the killing."

They were fully convinced of their mistake when the handsome warden came upon two of their number slaughtering ducks and marched them in with one hand resting significantly on the black butt of the revolver at her hip.

Miss Gibboney's home is Aloha. It stands among acres of forest and foliage. Mobile bay stretches away to the east, and at the back is the Dog river. She is a deadly shot with a rifle and can bring down the mallards from behind a blind with the best shots in Mobile. It was her love for animals and not the passion for hunting that led her to become one of the Alabama game police.

"It is the birds that I particularly want to protect," said Miss Gibboney recently when speaking about her work. "We seldom realize how much good they do. If they didn't prey constantly on the insects we would be without vegetation before very long. I am familiar with every bird of Alabama. Ten years ago you could see flocks of beautiful blue cranes in the edge of the water out there. Now they are curiosities.

"I have recently fitted out a log cabin in the midst of ten acres of forest that is just as nature made it. I intend to spend the rest of my life there."

Miss Gibboney is well known over the entire south. She is a frequent visitor to New Orleans. She is a descendant of Zack Taylor, Patrick Henry and the Virginia Sheltons. She is prominent in society. From now on she won't see much of receptions and pink teas.

Concerning Women.

Mrs. Elsie Clews Parsons of New York has written a book which she calls "The Old Fashioned Woman." Mayor Gaynor, who generally is credited with saying what he thinks, declared that it is a most interesting book, but suggests that the title might be changed to "Primitive Fancies About the Sex."

Mrs. Metcalfe resides at the station at Sackett Harbor, on Lake Ontario, and looks after the buildings, which are old and worn, for $1 a day. She is therefore the only woman "commandant" in the United States and was present when the monument to commemorate the victory in the war of 1812 was dedicated recently.

Miss Elizabeth C. Berdan in "Reminiscences of a Diplomat's Wife," by Mrs. Hugh Fraser, is described as a former friend of the grandchildren of Queen Victoria. Upon one occasion one of the princesses gave her a ring and excused the fact that it was not a more expensive one by the remark, "But, you know, Granny Vic is so stingy."

Mrs. Susie Root Rhodes, librarian of the League of American Penwomen, is a member of the school board of Washington and has been chosen by the commissioners to represent the District of Columbia at the international congress of school hygiene to be held in Buffalo the last week in August. She is one of the editors of a cookbook now in the press.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Mirror Drawing.

Do you think you know how to draw? Before you decide please make this test. You will need a sheet of paper, a mirror about the width of the paper, a pencil and another sheet of paper or a large card or book.

Lay the paper flat on the table. Then prop up the mirror at one side of the paper so that it is at right angles with the paper and reflects it. Now take the extra sheet of paper in your left hand and hold it so that it is between your eyes and the piece of paper which is lying on the table. You must hold the piece of paper in your left hand so that you cannot see the paper that is lying on the table except in the mirror.

You are now ready to begin drawing. It should be some simple object which can be shown by a few straight lines, such as a kite, an envelope, an open book, a box, etc. You draw with your right hand, holding the paper in your left, so that you cannot see what you are making except in the mirror. Watch the mirror all the time until the drawing is done. You will be surprised at the result.

Warning.

This is an outdoor game for boys. One boy, called the "cock," draws a line on the ground at one end of the field or playground. This line is his boundary, and while he is there no one can meddle with him. He clasps his hands before him, calls out "Warning!" or "Warning once, warning twice; a bushel of wheat and a bushel of rice; when the cock crows, out jump I." Then with his hands clasped he jumps out and runs after the others, trying to touch one.

If he unclasps his hands, or if they are pulled apart he must run into bounds as fast as possible, as any one who catches him must be carried pickaback by him into bounds, and both then sally out, clasping hands, and try to catch a third in the same way.

Each time one, called a "chick," is caught he, as well as those who started from bounds, may be ridden "home," and if the cock and chicks loose hands they also may be ridden home if caught.

Ship Alphabet.

The players sit in a long row as if in class at school. The one who acts as schoolmaster asks sharply, beginning at one end, "The name of the letter?" "A," says the first player. The schoolmaster turns to the next player, "The name of the ship?" and begins to count ten, very quickly and sternly. "Andromeda" is perhaps called out before he reaches that number. "The name of the captain?" "Allan." "What is the cargo?" "Apples." "The port she comes from?" "Amsterdam." "The port she is bound for." "Amboy." "The next letter?" "B," and so on. If the schoolmaster is very strict and abrupt with his questions and counting he can drive every idea from the mind of the person he points at. If he counts ten before an answer comes he passes on to the next and the next until the answer is given. The one who gives it moves up above those who fail. The game should be played very rapidly.

Pigments For Paints.

Mummies are usually preserved in the finest bitumen, and this ancient bitumen has in the course of centuries turned the mummies a leathery brown tint. It has been found that when the bitumen and the shreds of mummy are ground down by machinery a beautiful brown pigment is the result, exactly the tint required for painting certain shades of brown hair.

Sepia is one of the commonest of artists' paints. It is a deep brown in color and comes from a source equally strange. It is prepared from the black, inky fluid discharged by the cuttlefish to blind and baffle its enemies.

Prussian blue is prepared from horses' hoofs and is made by fusing the hoofs with potassium carbonate.

Raw sienna is soil from near Siena, in Italy. Burnt sienna, another common tint, is simply the same earth burnt.

Why He Yawned.

Little John, aged three and one-half, was anxious to sit up one evening and talk with the company, but when 8:30 came mamma said, "Come, John, it is time little men were abed; you have been yawning since 7 o'clock." Indignantly the little fellow replied, "Oh, mamma, didn't you know I was only letting in fresh air?"

A Weak Engine.

The train, a local passenger, was stopping frequently. Finally, at a railroad crossing where it stopped to whistle, a little boy about five years old remarked, "Gee, it has to stop to whistle!"

The Sandman's Garden.

Dear little old sandman
In soft grayish tweeds,
Out in your garden
Pulling the weeds.

We know who you are—
The sandman, we know,
And what kind of flowers
In your garden grow.

Poppies of scarlet
And purple and gold,
Each with a dream
In its petals to hold.

After the twilight
When we're tired of our play
We just love to slip
To your garden away.

So, little old man,
When you see the first star
Please leave the gate
Of your garden ajar.

—Philadelphia Record.

ROUND THE WORLD

Louisville factories consume 38 per cent of its water supply.

On the Sicilian Lipari islands there are thirty pumice stone mines.

The Japanese have given up the custom of coloring tea with German indigo.

China exports more than $850,000 worth of chicken and duck feathers every year.

A novel lamp shade is mounted on a frame like an umbrella so it can be closed to save room.

Hairpins the points of which lock so they will not slip out have been patented in Great Britain.

Within the last ten years one-half of the vineyards in Spain have been destroyed by the phylloxera.

Cellulose is being recovered from waste asparagus by a process discovered by a Hamburg chemist.

The most hygienic country in the world is Sweden, in the opinion of Professor Irving Fisher of Yale.

Venice is equipping its fire department with steam engines carried on petroleum propelled motorboats.

Atlanta, Ga., has a public safety league of which more than 1,000 street railway employees are members.

Lexington, Mass., has restored its ancient Paul Revere belfrey to its original location where it stood in 1761.

An organization of scientists who are engaged in the study of forest insects has recently been formed in Washington.

St. Louis is being urged to adopt the plan of assessing benefited localities for the purchase and maintenance of parks.

The asphalt production of the United States, chiefly by Texas and California, has increased more than fourfold in ten years.

Celluloid models of gear wheels have been invented to show how much strain steel wheels of the same design will withstand.

Segundo Sanchez of Penonome, Panama, who has proclaimed himself the Messiah, has predicted the destruction of the world.

Ice cream is not used to a great extent in England. If the season is unusually warm there is a good sale for bottled soft drinks.

The United States has an enormous appetite for Swiss cheese. About 25 per cent of all the Swiss cheese produced comes to this country.

In the cotton mills of Bangalore, India, a great part of the work is performed by children of both sexes who do not receive over 5 cents a day.

Nearly 70 per cent of the residents of the United States are using electricity in some form every day, if only for telephoning or ringing doorbells.

Swiss pastry makers have been famous for many decades. With the bakers and candy makers, they had an exposition at Zurich recently, 215 exhibitors taking part.

The number of ostriches in the Union of South Africa exceeds 746,700. The weekly sales in the Cape province average more than a million feathers, not including the lowest grades.

Maps of Australia, giving the resources, industrial activities, etc., are to be published by the commonwealth government at Melbourne. The first edition will be issued early in 1914.

Fan brakes to displace the air beneath a car and thus retard its motion and also to keep the hub brakes cool have been fitted to some automobiles used in mountainous portions of Switzerland.

It has been asserted that oranges are indispensable to English coal miners as a relief from the inordinate thirst created by the irritation of coal dust in the membrane of the throat and mouth.

Gutta percha now obtained from the leaves of the caoutchouc tree is said to be more durable than that obtained by tapping the trunk and is coming into use in France for insulating submarine cables.

More than 3,000 small logging operators now buy national forest timber. At least 25,000 persons, settlers, miners, stockmen and others, obtain timber from Uncle Sam's big wood lot for their own use free of charge.

Chile thinks of withdrawing all iron ore deposits from entry by private persons or corporations in order to give the government time to select such properties as it may want to hold, that they may become sources of revenue.

An agricultural chemist of the Punjab government has come to the conclusion that sugar could be made profitably from wild date palms, which grow plentifully throughout India, one small province alone having 150,000 of them.

A report of the United States bureau of education says the public school teachers in the United States do not receive sufficient salary to save enough money to carry adequate life insurance or to proceed with further professional training.

The finest hotel in the world, according to the plans of its projector, Mr. Mallaby-Deeley, a member of parliament, is to be erected in London opposite the entrance to Hyde park. It will occupy nearly two acres and will cost more than $6,000,000.

Rents in Prague, Bohemia, have increased materially in the past year. From 42 to 50 per cent of the amount the landlord receives from the tenants is paid by him in taxes. He is also obliged to pay income and other taxes aside from the percentage he pays from his rents. The cost of living has advanced about 25 per cent in the last five years.

UNION UPBUILDING

Purchasing Power of Labor Should Be Utilized.

DEMAND THE UNION LABEL.

A Phase of Activity That Trade Unionism Has Failed to Make the Best Use Of — How Organized Labor Can Strengthen Its Position.

There are numerous activities in which unionism, union officers and union members are engaged, says the Shoe Workers' Journal. They are proselyting for new members in their respective trades, seeking better wages or conditions, adjusting differences, conducting strikes, resisting encroachments and doing the routine work of the movement. These are the the busy ones who are often so busy in routine matters that they overlook the main issue. There is also the very large percentage of drones in the trade union movement who overlook the main issue and every other issue.

And what is the main issue? What line of trade union activity should be singled out from all the others and counted as most important of all?

Clearly it is for all unionists of every trade and calling to make full use of their purchasing power, so that not a single cent of their wages shall go to support the nonunion wages and conditions which exist where the employers are unorganized. In other words, the workers should be equally insistent in demanding union label goods as they are in demanding union wages for their labor, for if they spend their wages for nonunion products they are tearing down as consumers the very edifice of union wages and conditions that they are seeking to build up as producers.

To direct their purchasing power in their own interest, in purchasing union made goods, involves no sacrifice of any other trade union effort. Trade unionists may continue all their trade union activities, but it simply means that the main issue—the union label issue—must never be neglected, whatever else they may do. The preaching the gospel of unionism among the unorganized and the solicitation of new members may continue just the same, supplemented, however, by the demand of united labor that the employees of all industries shall organize.

Instead of permitting employers to coerce employees out of labor unions, labor unions can, through demanding union label goods and buying union label goods and nothing else but union label goods, coerce employers to permit or even to ask their employees to join the labor unions, which comes very near putting the boot on the other foot.

Here is an argument that all trade unionists will do well to consider. By concentrating their purchasing power on the products of union labor exclusively they can strengthen their organization in a way to bring them the help of forces at present antagonistic.

When you find the retail merchants of the country spending enormous sums every day in an effort to induce people to patronize their establishments and your common sense tells you it pays them to do so, do you not realize what a valuable asset a conscious, purposed use of your purchasing power would be to organized labor?

What do you think would be the effect of a persistent and consistent demand on the part of the would be purchaser for union label products? Do you not think the merchant who couldn't supply the demand would soon find means to do so or else go out of business? The pressure of the retailer on the jobber and wholesaler, the jobber and wholesaler on the manufacturer, would soon result in more union factories and shops with better wages, better conditions and shorter hours.

The labor movement is going ahead, but it could gain much faster if each member will pledge his purchasing power to the common cause, and that is why a right use of our purchasing power, or a concentration of all wage earners in demanding union label goods at all times and places may be considered the main issue.

Cloak Makers Have Grievance.

The Cloak and Suit Makers' union of New York, which for more than two years has had an agreement with the Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' association by which all grievances are to be settled by a joint arbitration board, has made a new departure by starting a fight against what is known as the submanufacturing system. By this system the submanufacturers contract with the regular manufacturers to do work for them for a fixed price, paying their own tailors. There are more than 60,000 members in the union, which is the largest local union in the clothing trades in the United States, and the majority of the members are employed in association shops.

Child Labor In Colorado.

In the thirteenth biennial report of the Colorado bureau of labor statistics the commissioner writes, "We have compelled messenger service companies to quit sending children to resorts with messages, we have stopped the custom of children serving liquors, and, in fact, we have done such splendid work in co-operation with the juvenile courts and school authorities that we feel warranted in saying that this state at the present time has the question of child labor under absolute control."

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FOR THE AFTERNOON.

A Daring but Chic Millinery Creation

STUNNING MODEL IN BLACK VELVET.

The Paris modistes deserve much praise this season, and not only for the beauty of their modes, but because they have finally succeeded in making a radical change in styles. Indeed, many millinery authorities say that the new hats are the best that they have seen in years. Without any idea of reflecting upon the genius of the French modistes, the millinery modes of the last year or so were rather monotonous and not as artistic as those that have just made their debut. It may be that the craze for tulle and lace during the summer inspired the creating of dashing flares, chic angles and the wonderful posing of trimmings. The posing of trimming is a noticeable feature of the stunning hat pictured. This adornment is of natural ostrich in blue, shading from a dark to light tone. The hat is of black velvet with a high flare at the back. This is one of the very smartest shapes of the season.

Chiffon Blouse Still Modish.

The chiffon blouse has become perennial and in its various phases is an admirable solution of the problem which presents itself when one tries to make a blouse match a wool costume, yet be cool enough for comfort, becoming and slightly dressy. Its admirable qualities will keep it in evidence again this season, and one finds it in all degrees of elaboration, from theater, in which laces and embroideries play an important part, to the street and traveling blouses, in which the dark veiling chiffon rises quite to the base of the

THE NEWEST IN CHIFFON WAISTS.

throat, and then a becoming sailor collar and sleeve finish of the cream lace or net which it veils.

One of the distinctive details of the smartest French blouses in silk is the long sleeve. But most of the domestic designers continue to divide their models into short sleeved, sheer models of more or less dressy degrees and rigidly severe shirt waists, or long sleeved, high collared tailored waists of conspicuous ugliness.

The blouse illustrated is a delightful affair carried out in flowered silk. The bishop sleeves and shoulder seams are cut in one pieces, and the high collar at the back seems to be part of this combination. A smart touch is the wide girdle sash of green and blue plaid silk.

X Ray Shoes Now.

X ray skirts are to be accompanied in the near future by X ray shoes, according to the latest glimpse of coming feminine fashions.

X ray shoes have uppers of Irish crochet lace. For evening wear the uppers are entirely of lace; for outdoor wear the shoes have shallow goloshes of suede kid surmounted by lace.

Kitchen Kinks.

If cheese is wrapped in a cloth moistened with vinegar it will neither dry nor mold.

After the soles of your stockings are worn out cut the feet off and use the legs to protect your sleeves while busy in the kitchen. It will save lots of unnecessary washing.

FOUNDER OF LABOR DAY.

Terence V. Powderly Says the Honor Belongs to a Coal Miner.

According to Terence V. Powderly, for many years head of the Knights of Labor, Labor day had no "father." There has been a friendly controversy in labor circles as to who was its founder.

"The man who named the day was Robert Price, a coal miner," said Mr. Powderly. "This occurred in New York city Sept. 5, 1882. The general assembly of the Knights of Labor was meeting in New York. Matthew McGuire, secretary of the Central Labor union of New York, invited the general assembly to review a parade of workingmen. As general master workman, or head of the organization, I placed the invitation before the general assembly, and it was unanimously accepted.

"We went to the reviewing stand. Bob Price, one of the workers of the Knights of Labor, sat near me. He was a big fellow, standing six feet three inches. Next to me on the opposite side was Richard Griffith.

"As the parade was passing Price leaned over me and shouted to Griffith, 'This is Labor day in earnest, Uncle Dick.'

"That was the first time I had heard the expression 'Labor day.' The same evening we discussed informally the advisability of having a day set apart every year to be observed as Labor day. Other conferences followed. A decision was reached that it would be an excellent thing to have a day set apart, and the first Monday in September was agreed on as the day.

"The first bill introduced on the subject was by Edward F. Riley, a member of the New York state senate, on Jan. 4, 1887. The bill was passed by the legislature and approved by the governor May 6, 1887. Meanwhile I sent copies of the bill to the governors of all the states and to prominent members of the organization who were members of state legislatures.

"State Senator J. J. Daly of Oregon introduced a bill on Jan. 17, and it became a law in that state Feb 21, 1887. Oregon, therefore, was the first state to pass a law creating a labor day. Other states followed. The federal law was not passed until 1894."

MASTER AND SLAVE.

Was Industry Made For Man, or Was Man Made For Industry?

If man is made for industry, then it is just that industry should be the master and man the slave. It is just that 500,000 men and women should be killed and injured annually while they minister to the industrial deity; it is fair that women toil long hours for a pittance; it is right that humanity writhe in agony under the goad of the industrial taskmaster.

If, on the other hand, industry was made for man, then it is just that man should be the master and industry the slave. It is fair that any calling which crushes men's bodies, destroys the souls of women and little children or takes a toll of life and joy greater than its contribution to the happiness of the community should be reformed or abolished.

Two thousand years ago Jesus rebuked the Pharisees and justified his disciples, who had picked corn on the Sabbath day, in these words: "The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath." The world listens for the modern prophet who shall proclaim, "Industry was made for man, and not man for industry."—Scott Nearing in Everybody's Magazine.

Cost of the Paterson Strike.

The silk strike in Paterson, which originally involved 26,000 workers and lasted for five months, ended with loss to both sides. The strikers returned to the wages and the conditions they left on Feb 25; they have a loss in wages of $5,600,000 to struggle against; the city of Paterson is out $50,000 spent for extra police protection, the manufacturers estimate their loss at $1,000,000 and admit it may take years for the Silk City to entirely regain its prestige as a manufacturing center.

New York Unions Growing.

Returns to the state labor department from the labor organizations of the state indicate that the number of labor organizations is increasing and the percentage of idleness among their members is on the decline. The reports show that on March 31 there were 2,530 labor organizations with a membership of 638,818, just sixty-one more organizations than were in existence on Sept. 30 last and 112,146 more members than on the same date.

TRADE UNION NOTES.

The teamsters' strike in Cincinnati has cost in loss of business many millions of dollars.

During the past year the Boot and Shoe Workers' union has paid in sick, death and disability benefits $100,000.

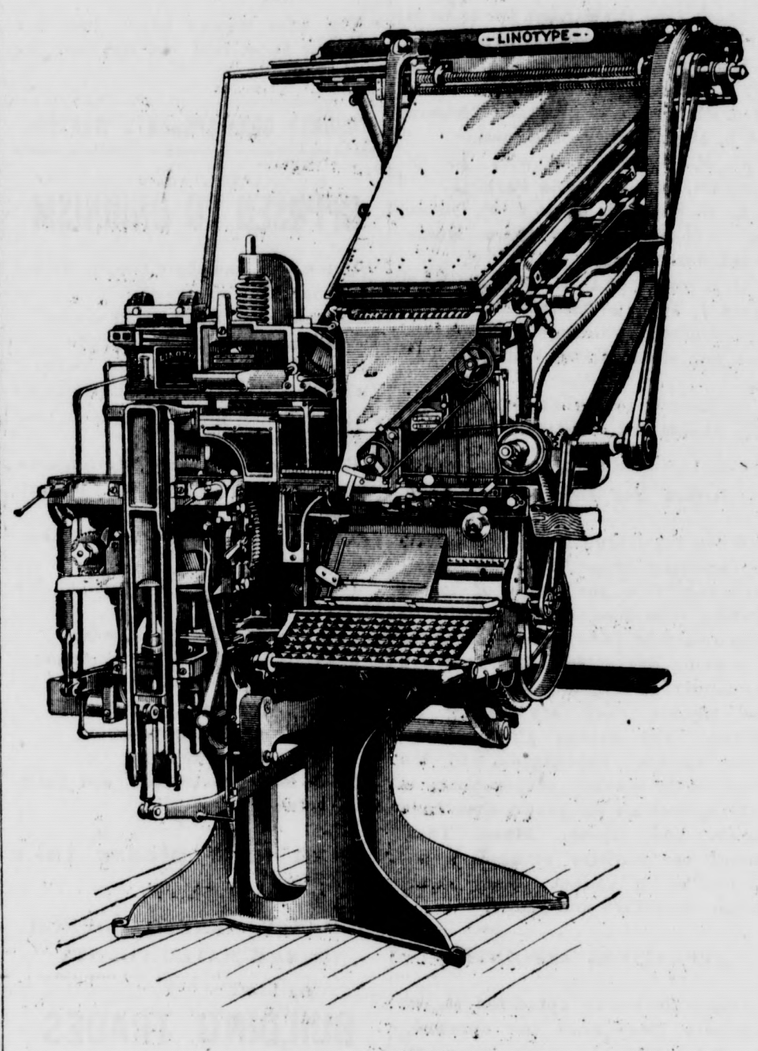
The British Medical association at its annual meeting seriously debated the advisability of organizing as a labor union.

Longshoremen of Philadelphia have deserted the I. W. W. and will affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

John P. Murphy, recently appointed postmaster of the United States senate, is a Tennessee printer and a member of the Typographical union.

The question of transferring the national headquarters of the Journeymen Tailors' union from Bloomington, Ill., to Indianapolis has been left to a referendum vote of the members.

PATRONIZE THE HOME LINOTYPE WORK



BRIEFS, TRANSCRIPTS, BOOK WORK

AT

CITY PRICES

San Mateo Index

AND

Daly City Record

The American Code

How It Was Adhered to In Italy

By THOMAS R. DEAN

In Europe, while the spirit of dueling has died out, the form remains, except in England, where the people have always been one or two centuries ahead of those on the continent. Every now and again some Englishman or American in France or Germany or Italy finds himself up against a system with which he has no sympathy and for which in America no preparation is required.

The American has an advantage in getting out of such affairs without discredit in his inexhaustible assurance and resource. Some years ago a party of Americans got together at the principal hotel in Rome on the Esquiline hill, making each other's acquaintance easily, as Americans abroad do, visiting the sights together or at least meeting together at dinner after having done so during the day. There were both men and women among them, mostly young and full of life and spirits.

One of the men, Ernest Denbigh, who owned a ranch in New Mexico, had brought letters to the American minister, and that functionary, having taken a fancy to him, presented him at court and procured invitations for him in society. Since there was nothing mean about a man who had spent several years of his life in the wild and woolly west of America, he helped such members of the party he had fallen in with as desired to see Roman society.

At a ball at the Quirinal palace Denbigh was introduced to the Princess Asconti, a beautiful girl, who fell desperately in love with him. Moreover, the young lady, being one of the poorer members of the Italian nobility, was not averse to wedding an American

PINCIANO THREW DOWN HIS CARDS.

who, though he was without a title, was, as all Americans abroad are supposed to be, very rich.

Denbigh was as much smitten with the princess as she was with him, and the course of true love might have run smooth enough had it not been that Prince Pinciano, an equerry to the king, was himself in love with the princess and did not propose to give her up without a struggle.

One evening Denbigh and one of his American friends, Clarkson, were at one of the fashionable clubs in Rome playing baccarat. Pinciano came in and joined in the game. Denbigh had no knowledge of the prince or of his pretensions to the hand of the Princess Asconti. He was therefore greatly surprised when Pinciano threw down his cards and, pointing to Denbigh, declared that he would play no more with that lowborn American, who made money by cheating, and, rising, left the room.

Denbigh at once called for an investigation, but a member of the club took him aside and told him that the charge was well understood to be a mere pretext to keep the name of a lady from being connected with a duel which was inevitable between himself and his accuser. On being assured that he would not suffer any stigma from the charge itself he withdrew his request. But he was given to understand that if he did not challenge Pinciano he would be obliged to give up the social position he occupied and would be cut by his Roman acquaintances.

Denbigh and Clarkson immediately left the club and, going to the hotel, called a conclave of the young men of the party. Two of them had not gone to bed. The other, who had done so, was awakened by the party entering his room and turning on the lights.

Clarkson before leaving the club had been told that Pinciano was experienced both with the foils and the pistol. Denbigh had no skill with the foils, but had while on his ranch practiced the quick shooting in vogue in western America. The question was, Should he claim his privilege as an American of declining what was virtually a challenge, or, if he must fight, how do so without being at a disadvantage? After some debate, in which the principal took no part and which resulted in his being advised to stand on his dignity rather than yield to a custom handed down from the middle ages, Denbigh said:

"Clarkson, I wish you would go back to the club, find the man with whom Pinciano has left his case and say to him that if he thinks to force me into a position all to his advantage he is much mistaken. I am not an Italian used to Italian methods, but an American used to American methods. His charge is generally understood to be a pretext. Technically, if I fight him, I must challenge him. I will not fight him unless he will consent to consider his action at the club this evening not an insult, but a challenge. If he agrees to this you are authorized to accept the challenge, and, since this gives me the choice of weapons, you may arrange the affair in this way:

"At 4 o'clock in the morning I will start from this hotel, walk down the Via Cavour to the main thoroughfare leading to the Pincian gardens and, turning into it, walk toward them. The prince is to leave the gardens at the same time and walk in this direction. When we meet either may open fire at will with revolvers. Either may take to a side street or any article of defense he may find handy."

It was generally agreed among the consulting party that if Denbigh really meant to fight this was the best position that could be suggested. Clarkson went to the club, where he found Captain Carlucci ready to receive any communication he might have from Denbigh. When Clarkson delivered his message the captain looked surprised.

"But we do not fight that way here in Italy," he protested, "nor is it done anywhere in Europe."

"And we do not fight your way in America. It is your principal that desires to fight mine, not mine yours, and since the prince desires a meeting he must consent to the methods used in the only part of America where quarrels are settled by arms, and every day such cases are becoming more rare as civilization spreads over a country that has been gradually passing from savages to white men."

The captain said that he would submit the proposition to his principal and withdrew for that purpose. Clarkson lighted a cigarette and looked over periodicals for some time, during which he was thinking what would be the effect of a proposition so entirely at variance with the European code duello. Presently a member of the club came to him and said that the prince had referred the message to a committee for its decision as to what reply he should send to Denbigh. The committee had sent Clarkson's informant to him to protest against any such custom being engrafted upon the Italian code and would be pleased if Signor Denbigh would fight according to the code if the prince were considered the challenger, the challenged man choosing the foils or the pistol, according to accepted rules.

Clarkson took the responsibility upon himself of replying to this for his principal in the negative. Denbigh would fight, if he must fight, under protest, since there was no just cause for a quarrel between him and the prince. But if forced to fight he would only do so in accordance with the custom of his own country. Having delivered himself of this reply, Clarkson lighted another cigarette, took up a newspaper, and the messenger went back to the committee with the message.

There is a proper sense of courtesy to visitors in all countries. The committee recognized that it occupied a delicate position. An American gentleman had visited Rome, been introduced to society by the representative of his government and had become popular. A Roman lady had accepted his attentions. A rival, an Italian of high rank, had sought to eliminate him from the lady's circle, first, by an accusation which was untrue and, second, by forcing him to fight under the Italian code, which had no standing in America. While the committee recognized that a pretext was necessary in a case where a lady was involved, the whole matter appeared to it as an inhospitable act to a visitor to Italy.

Its decision was that if Prince Pinciano insisted on the meeting he must accept Denbigh's terms. But it recommended that under the circumstances the Italian make a statement that he had been mistaken in accusing Denbigh of having cheated at cards and apologize for having made the charge.

The first information Clarkson had of all this was when a door was opened and the prince's friend, Captain Carlucci, entered, bearing a written statement and apology from his principal to Denbigh. Clarkson concealed his delight. He folded the paper, put it in his pocket, bowed formally to the captain and leisurely left the club. But as soon as he reached the sidewalk he called a cab and, putting 5 lira in advance into the driver's hand, told him to drive in a hurry to the hotel. Though it was now 2 o'clock in the morning, the party were awaiting him.

"An apology!" he explained, throwing the paper he had brought at Denbigh.

"Read it aloud!" cried every man present.

Denbigh read the apology, and after a celebration in honor of the event the party went to bed.

The next day the episode was the talk of Rome, but very few knew that a lady had been the cause. The princess soon heard of it and was told that Pinciano had sought to clear the field of a preferred suitor for her hand. When she met him at a ball in the evening she ignored him.

However, there was no match between her and Denbigh, for her family objected to her going to America, and Denbigh would not consent to become an Italian.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW FOR NURSES IS UPHELD

Declared Constitutional by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals

The constitutionality of the nurses' eight-hour law was upheld Monday by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, Judges Van Fleet, Morrow and Dooley sitting. The suit was an application for an injunction brought by the Merritt Hospital of Oakland against Labor Commissioner McLaughlin, the State Bureau of Labor Statistics and District Attorney Hynes of Alameda county to prevent the enforcement of the law. The court denied the permanent injunction asked for.

It was the contention of the hospital that the law violated the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the Uuited States, in that graduate nurses were exempt, and secondly that the law discriminated against women in that if they were not allowed to work more than eight hours, hospitals would be forced to discharge them and retain men nurses.

Judge Van Fleet held that there was no proper evidence that showed that women would be discharged and replaced by men if the hours were shorter. He also held that in exempting the graduate nurses, there was not sufficient general discrimination to cover the meaning of the Constitution.

The case decided by the court Monday settles the status of the student nurse in regard to this law, as it was looked upon as a test case to determine whether the hospitals would have to obey the law and cut down the previous long and irrregular hours of student nurses, or whether they were placed in the position that the unskilled workers of the canneries are now in.

LIVE STOCK FOR THIS PAIR OF NEWLYWEDS

That It Pays to Advertise Is Again Undeniably Proven

An opportunity to sell black cats over three months old at 75 cents to $5 each and a chance to buy a milch cow for $25, if taken at once, drew a throng the other day from dawn to dusk to 169 East Liberty avenue, Spokane, Wash., which looked like David Harum's stable yard in the height of his "hoss-swapping" activities.

WANTED—CATS OVER 3 MONTHS old; black preferred; 75 cents to $5. Call at 169 East Liberty.

That ad in the local papers was responsible for part of the early morning crowd of kitten sellers who called on Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Gray as early as 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Gray was Miss Lulu Carr. She and Mr. Gray were married at Our Lady of Lourdes church, and the insertion of the want ad was part of a prank played on the "newlyweds" by their friends.

The cat ad had only a small part in the deeply laid plot of well-wishers, for in the same issue appeared this offer of sale:

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW, $25, if taken at once. 169 East Liberty.

A crowd of junk dealers who were requested to call at the address at 10 o'clock also caused the newly-married couple considerable amusement, incidentally to their annoyance, but they took the incidents all as a joke, as they "stood off" the various callers during the day.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF POLITICS? WHY NOT?

Is Wisconsin's Latest Innovation a Dangerous One?

The State of Wisconsin has been organizing a movement which its official exponent, Edward J. Ward, styles a preparation for "public ownership of politics." In its immediate aspects it includes the free use of school houses for purposes of all-sided political discussion, as well as for the general purposes of a civic center, and a program for meetings, lectures and political study. If the plan works well this year the State will probably be induced to make an appropriation which will put paid workers in the field.

This would all seem harmless enough were it not for the ominous phrase which Mr. Ward has allowed himself to use. If the people of Wisconsin were simply to get together for social purposes, and possibly for innocent discussion of overt political issues, there would be little danger to the existing scheme of things. But public ownership of politics is something which ought to be well considered before it is attempted. It is by no means certain that politics can be operated as a public enterprise. It is at least doubtful if it can be made to pay as well as a public enterprise. If

A man doesn't have to study the amusement ads long to find somewhere to go at night when he is married to the wrong woman.

REALTY TRANSFERS

S. D. Haynes to J. H. P. Howard, portion lot 1, Bowie Estate.

A. G. Sala et al to K. Anderson, north one-half lot 10, block 10, East San Mateo.

G. J. Batz and wife to K. Anderson, lots 13 and 14, block 8, Miramar Terrace.

D. M. Waite et al to Netta Clinton, lot 24, block 12, Vista Grande.

Hensley-Green Co. to Hannah Durant and husband, lots 56 and 57, block B, San Mateo Park.

Mrs. Kate Ryan to J. Cullen, lot 3, block 4, Vallemar.

Mrs. Kate Ryan to J. Cullen, lot 9, block 4, Vallemar.

A. Violetti to Ambrose Galli et al, north noe-half lot 4, block 125, South San Francisco.

H. Knighthart to Ella Hansen, lots 18 and 19, block 2, Ola Vista Beach.

F. W. Birlem to Edna K. Birlem, lot 34, block K, Hayward Park.

A. J. Williams to Sophie Nelson, portion block 23, Abbey Homestead.

California Suburban Home Co. to L. Santner, lot 7, block 22, Farallone City.

F. P. Brophy and wife to O. W. Spears et al, lot 4, block 1, Princeton-by-the?Sea.

M. Cohen to Sam Altergut Co., portion Rancho Canada de Guadalupe Visitacion.

Crocker Estate Co. to T. H. Inch, lot 47, block 10, Crocker Tract.

George H. Irving to P. A. Pfluger and wife, lot 1, block ', Sub. Menlo Oaks.

Hensley Realty Co. et al to Louise Dininger, lot 27, block 1, San Bruno Park.

Maggie A. Gerber and husband to A. Crane, lots 26 and 27, block 7, Vista Grande.

Moxey Realty Co. to Pearl I. Hoak, lots 34 and 35, block 5, Central Park.

Farallone Home Realty Co. to D. Puddu, lot 18, block 21, Farallone City.

F. P. Brophy and wife to E. R. Exell, lot 25, block 2, Princeton-by-the-Sea.

Pulgas Land Co. to H. R. Norback, lot 19, Gray Tract.

E. Schmeling to O. Dettbarn and wife, westerly one-half lot 20, block 21, Belle Air Park.

Farallone Home Realty Co. to E. Gargarino, lots 9, 10, 11, block 1', Farrallone City.

Shore Line Investment Co. to G. H. Brigham, lot 7, block 64, Granada.

Dorothy Dimmler to H. L. Long, lot 4, lbock 4, City of Naples.

Dorothy Dimmler to U. L. Steward, lot 5, block 4, City of Naples.

C. M. Umbach and wife to M. Schmidt, portion Volata Park.

E. G. Reynolds et al to F. Olcose, lot 3, block 6, School House Momestead Association.

O. P. Byers to L. B. Winiger, lot 8, block 1, Town of Mezesville.

G. Summer to George Summer, portion lots 132 and 133, Visitacion Valley.

G. Summer to Jos. Summer, portion lots 34 and 133, Visitacion Valley.

The Why of It

She was being shown through the great locomotive works and there were many things she wanted to know.

"What is that thing?" she asked, pointing with her dainty parasol.

"That," answered the guide, "is an engine boiler."

She was an up-to-date young woman and at once became interested.

"And why do they boil engines?" she inquired.

"To make the engine tender," politely replied the resourceful guide.—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

Fined and Sent to Jail

P. Bandoni, a wealthy hog rancher of Colma, was taken to the county jail Tuesday of last week to serve a term of ten days aid also to pay a fine of $150. Bandoni has been fighting for several months against the enforcement of the ordinance abolishing hog ranches, but finally surrendered and was sentenced by Justice of the Peace McCormick of San Mateo. He is reputed to be worth $50,000, all of which he gained in the traffic in hogs —Redwood City Democrat.

BUILDING CONTRACTS

The following building contracts have been filed in the County Recorder's office:

S. McClure agrees to erect for D. A. Reade in 60 days a one-story frame building on lot 10, block 26, Second Addition to the Town of Burlingame for $1420.

William S. Leadley agrees to erect for W. O. Booth and wife in 60 days a one-story dwelling on lot 24, block 29, Western Addition to the Town of San Mateo. for 2800.

Hog Raiser Paroled

P. Bandoni, the wealthy hog rancher of Colma, who was sentenced to 10 days in the county jail for violating the county health ordinance was paroled Tuesday after losing 50 pounds during his eight days' incarceration. Mrs. Bandoni, who had been a constant visitor at the jail, pleaded with the authorities for her husband's release and the officers who sent Bandoni to jail for persistently refusing to move his hogs were finally moved by the woman's tears and ordered her husband's release.

Women in the Professions

Woman's place may be the home, but judging from recent statistics, she seems to have deliberately ignored the fact, for there are 239,077 stenographers, 327,635 teachers and professors, 481,159 in various trades, 777,055 engaged in agricultural pursuits, 7,300 physicians and surgeons, 7,395 clergy "men," 2,193 journalists, 1,037 architects, designers and draftsmen, 1,010 lawyers and 429,497 women in various other professions.

Law and Justice

"Who knocks at the door of the court room?"

"Justice and Law," the bailicy replied.

"Well, there's one seat left in the court room,

"Tell the Law to step inside."

—Mary Field in the Masses.

Strikes Not Entirely Selfish

When the Garment Workers strike for sanitary shops they are saving all society from the danger of clothes reeking with disease. When railroad employes fold their arms and refuse a working day so long that they are in danger of nodding in sleep past the signals, they are saving all classes. The Bakers' Union, struggling against exploitation by the great bread-making corporations, is fighting that all the people shall have cheaper and cleaner bread. Thus, though the workers' struggle is for themselves, it cannot be a purely selfish one.—Life and Labor.

APPRAISERS APPOINTED

Judge Buck has appointed H. W. Schaberg inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of Mary Kyne, deceased.

Judge Buck has appointed Guy C. Calden, Asa Hull and H. W. Schaberg appraisers of the estate of William B. Kreger, deceased.

Judge Buck has appointed R. F. Chilcott inheritance tax appraiser of the estate of G. J. Liguori, deceased.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

The Coppas, Inc., has incorporated with a capital stock of $10,000, divided into 1000 shares at a par value of $10 each. The principal place of business is Colma and the purpose of the incorporation of the company is to engage in the restaurant business. The actual amount of stock subscribed is $30 by the following stockholders, who have subscribed one share each: John D. Harloe, J. Gally and E. Stanley.

Don't Have to Be

"What is your son going to be?"

"A lawyer."

"Is he smart enough to be a lawyer?"

"No, but he would make a fine judge."

Pensions for Mothers

Fourteen states now have laws pensioning mothers. Illinois was the first, followed by California, Colorado, Washington, Utah, South Dakota, Idaho, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Ohio, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Missouri.

Tides for Abalone and Eel

The following table gives the latest of good tides over on the San Mateo county coastside from the present time to and including the month of December:

Date	Time	Tide
December 10	3:19 p. m.	0 1
December 11	3:47 p. m.	-0 4
December 12	4:25 p. m.	-0 8
December 13	5:05 p. m.	-1 1
December 14	5:47 p. m.	-1 2
December 15	6:29 p. m.	-1 1
December 23	1:59 p. m.	0 1
December 24	2:52 p. m.	-0 6
December 25	3:42 p. m.	-1 0
December 26	4:28 p. m.	-1 3
December 27	5:13 p. m.	-1 3
December 28	5:55 p. m.	-1 2
December 29	6:36 p. m.	-0 9

The Illinois child labor law has been declared constitutional by the Supreme Court of the United States.

Advertise in the Local Paper

Of all forms of advertising there is nothing equal to an attractive display ad in the local paper to produce the desired results. Many a business man has tried every other plan of advertising only to recognize at last that a paper read by the community is the best form of telling the public what one has to offer. At one time signs, big and little, erected in almost every conceivable place, were largely used, but their principal effect was to disfigure the landscape. The ad in the local paper possesses every advantage that other forms of advertising have and many more that they cannot possibly possess. It is read not when people are whirling through space in an auto or speeding along in a railway car, but at one's leisure in one's own home. It is read by nearly everybody and its form can be as frequently changed as one may desire.

The wise woman never lets her husband know that she has had the last word.

COUNTY CORRESPONENTS WANTED

[Advertisement]

OPPOSED TO UNIONISM

Union men and their friends do not patronize the following:

Campbell, electrician, Burlingame

R. LaRue, Plumbing, San Bruno

George Beals, plasterer, San Mateo

Zwick, bld'ng contractor. Burlingame

J. H. Rockingham, building contractor, Burlingame.

Bradwick, contractor, Burlingame.

John Vickerson. building contractor. Burlingame.

Fulton, building contractor, Burlingame.

John Lee, building contractor, San Mateo.

King, sign painter, Belmont.

McMahon, electrical contractor, Burlingame.

Madden, plumber, Burlingame.

Joseph Parody Company.

W. C. Barrack Building Co.

Baird Bros., contractors and builders, Redwood City.

Union men please take notice

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL OF SAN MATEO COUNTY

BUILDING TRADES COUNCIL

President—J. H. Flynn.
Vice-president—Patrick Keary.
Rec. Secty.—Edward Brady.
Fin. Sec.-Treas.—C. H. Morrison.
Busines Agent—A. S. Brown.
Meets every Thursday evening at 8.

J. J. Martin — J. M. Custer
702 Market St., San Francisco
Handle Real Estate in all its branches
WANTED:
1 to 5 acres on the State Highway
FOR SALE:
$1600 House, 7 rooms, Third Addition, $15 monthly
20 acres near Stockton
25 acres near Lodi
Mrs. Lewis' House, 5 rooms, 2 lots
J. M. CUSTER
San Bruno - - - - - California

Phone Market 6257

Fowzer
ARTIST PHOTOGRAPHER
3126 Sixteenth Street
Near Valencia
Formerly 1148 Market St.
San Francisco
Pictures of all kinds made and framed to order
Finest Children's and Profession Work in the City

S. P. TIME TABLE

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 16, 1913

To San Francisco		Fr. San Francisco	
Leave San Mateo	Arrive S. F.	Leave S. F.	Arrive San Mateo
AM	AM	AM	AM
* 5 48	6 30	4 25	5 06
6 24	7 35	x 6 30	7 04
* 6 41	7 25	* 7 05	7 43
6 57	7 35	8 10	8 46
* 7 22	8 00	9 00	9 32
* 7 45	8 20	10 40	11 17
8 07	8 40	11 40	PM
* 8 25	9 00	PM	12 17
9 05	9 40	1 20	1 57
9 36	10 10	* 2 10	2 54
11 04	11 40	x 3 00	3 32
11 57	PM	3 25	3 55
PM	12 30	4 20	4 54
12 46	1 25	* 5 05	5 42
2 44	3 25	* 5 25	5 58
3 25	4 00	5 40	6 16
4 58	5 30	* 6 00	6 35
5 12	5 50	x 6 30	7 04
6 50	7 20	x 8 10	8 46
7 03	7 45	10 05	10 39
7 28	8 00	11 45	12 20
8 32	9 05		
11 22	11 55		

*Daily ex. Sunday—x connect at San Jose with Coast Line trains to Los Angeles—a Stop on Flag for points South of San Jose.

Lumber, Windows, Doors, Frames, Tanks, Cement, Lime, Plaster
Pioneer Auto Delivery
Bth Tubs, Toilets, Lavatories, Nails, Paints-Oils, Glass, Sewer Pipe, Patent Chimneys

SPRING VALLEY LUMBER YARD
LUMBER
Mill Work, Hardware
And
Plumbing Material
Phones | Mission 253 Mission 254
2401 San Jose Avenue

BANK OF ITALY
Member
The San Francisco Clearing House Association
Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco

Capital Authorized - -	$2,000,000.00
Capital Paid In . .	1,250,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits .	299,068.69
Resources Over . . .	14,000,000.00

SAN MATEO COUNTY BRANCH
Formerly
SAN MATEO BANK
Cor. B St. and Third Ave. San Mateo

A general Banking, Exchange, Loan and Collection Business transacted. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Interest at current rates paid on Savings and Time Deposits. Safety Deposits Boxes to rent at $1.00 per year.

LOCAL ADVISORY BOARD
Robert Wisnom, J. H. Coleman C. W. Elfing

Patronize Advertisers

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS

TAXES 1913

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Books of the County of San Mateo (real and personal) for the fiscal year 1913, have been received and the taxes on all personal property and one-half of the taxes on all real property are now due and payable and will be delinquent on the **Last Monday in November, 1913, at 6 o'clock P. M.**

And unless paid prior thereto, 15 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. If the said first installment of taxes be not paid before the Last **Monday in April, 1914**, at 6 P. M., an additional 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof. The remaining one-half of the taxes on real property will be payable on or after the **First Monday in January**, Next thereafter, and be delinquent on the **Last Monday in April, 1914**, at 6 o'clock P. M. and that unless paid prior thereto 5 per cent will be added to the amount thereof.

All taxes may be paid at the time the first installment, as herein provided, is due and payable.

If deed to your property was not recorded before March 1st, 1913, your name will not appear on assessment roll this year.

I will be in attendance to receive taxes at the following places and times:

Pescadero, Wednesday, October 22d, at Swanton House, from 1 p. m to 5 p. m.

San Gregorio, Thursday, October 23d, at E. Montevaldo's, during forenoon.

Halfmoon Bay, Saturday, October 25th, at Bank of Halfmoon Bay, from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.

South San Francisco, Wednesday October 29th, at Town Hall, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Bruno, Thursday, October 30th, at Justice Court Room, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Daly City, Saturday, November 1st, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Colma, Monday, November 3d, at Belli's Store, from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Burlingame, Wednesday, November 5th, at Town Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

San Mateo, Friday and Saturday, November 7th and 8th, at City Hall, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

First Installment Taxes Delinquent November 24, at 6 p. m.

Address all communications regarding State and County taxes to

A. McSWEENEY,
County Tax Collector, San Mateo County.
REDWOOD CITY, CAL.